

THE WAYNE DEMOCRAT.

Twelfth Year.

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SEPT. 11, 1896

Number 40

SOCIETY.

The first meeting of the Monday Club, since vacation, was held at the pleasant home of Mrs. Dan Harrington on Monday afternoon of this week. Like lovers long parted the ladies had much to discuss of events of the summer season, so they took for their text, "Vacation Notes," which of course was an endless source of lively conversation. Mrs. Harrington was elected president and Mrs. W. H. McNeal secretary and treasurer. Mrs. E. M. Smith and the President were selected as delegates to represent the society at the State Federation of Women's Clubs soon to be held at Lincoln. Then, contrary to rules, a delicious afternoon coffee was served by Mrs. Harrington, and the society adjourned to meet again with Mrs. D. C. Main.

This afternoon Mrs. Dell Blanchard and Mrs. R. J. Armstrong will entertain with Mrs. R. B. Crawford, at the residence of the latter. The invitations read for four o'clock.

The members of the Acme Club held their second meeting of the social year with Mrs. J. W. Bartlett last Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. B. F. Feather was elected president, Mrs. P. M. Corbit secretary, and Mrs. Walter Weber treasurer.

The Ladies Aid Society commenced its season of labor by meeting with Mrs. Corbit on Wednesday afternoon. The newly elected officers are Mrs. J. T. Dressler president, Mrs. A. L. Tucker secretary, and Mrs. Willis Howard treasurer. They will next meet with Mrs. J. G. Mines, at which time the ladies will enjoy a picnic lunch.

E. J. Nangle marketed 1000 bushels of shelled corn Wednesday, getting a contract price of 11 cents.

It would take a big hospital to take care of all the "republicans who are in poor health" in Wayne.

There were several immigrant wagons in town Wednesday, and they were all "for silver or bust."

J. L. McPheely, a republican elector, will speak for the single standard people at Carroll next Tuesday night.

Noah Weaver was up from Wakefield yesterday and became a new cash subscriber to The Democrat. Mr. Weaver is an enthusiastic free silver advocate.

Vaughn Davis has just returned from Red Oak, Iowa, and says that he saw a banker of that town bet \$100 that Bryan would carry both Iowa and Nebraska.

The "Loafer" should bear in mind that the "mantle of charity" has covered more than one erring head. For instance, how much will it cover up in Iowa?

The McKinley club held a meeting last Friday evening and elected Frank M. Northrop President, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Frank Fuller.

Pat Garvey of Hartington has \$500 to bet that Bryan wins in Nebraska, and some of this "dust" is in Wayne looking for suckers. Where is he of the loud voice?

State Evangelist Davis preached in the Baptist church last Monday night.

The Presbyterian choir assisted by Miss Grace Widney will give a concert at the church next Monday evening.

Rev. Wight will preach at Winside next Sunday afternoon and evening. The young people will have a song service at the church in place of the regular evening service.

The Y. M. C. A. requests all the young men to attend the Y. M. C. A. meeting at the court house next Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Some good music will be rendered, and it is much more enjoyable than loafing on the street.

ADVERTISED LETTER LIST.

The following is a list of letters, etc., remaining in the postoffice at Wayne, Nebraska, for the week ending September 8, 1896. August Anderson, Mrs. J. M. Burgett, Frank Johnson, Robert Shoemaker, Will Sullivan. Parties calling for the above please give date when advertised.

A. P. CHILDS, P. M.

After reading this paper hand it to a friend and ask him to subscribe.

Wheat is 37 cents.
Oats 12 to 13.
Corn 12.
Flax 71.
Butter 7.
Eggs 7.
Potatoes 40.
Hogs, 2.25.

All subscriptions to the DEMOCRAT must be paid to the proprietor of the paper, otherwise they will not be given credit on our subscription books.

It is very ludicrous, the way some of the goldbugs crawl all over a citizen when one leaves their depopulated ranks and joins the silver party. A prominent gentleman of the town has been the particular object of this kind of abuse the past week, but it won't hurt him any. Gentlemen, this is not politics and it will only work to the injury of the yellowbug party. If all the "chronic office seekers" and "poor lawyers" were to leave the republican party, begorra, you wouldn't have any lawyers left in it; now would you?

Humphrey Herald: Uncle Tom's Cabin played to a crowded tent in this place last Tuesday evening. It was a frosty affair, there not being a redeemable feature in sight from the time the curtain rang up till they gathered up their belongings, which consisted mainly of Uncle Tom and a half dozen panhandle fakirs. It was vulgar and indecent, and not at all up to date. In the language of Col. Reinhart it was rocky enough to pay license, not only for the exhibition of limbs, but for the sport they indulged in while here.

Delegates Toos, Rawlings of Wakefield, N Fritz, M. Williams, W. A. Henry, E. J. Tadlock, Wm. Voght, John Blanchard and T. L. Sloan of Pender, went up the branch to Randolph Tuesday evening to attend the democratic and populist senatorial conventions for Dickson, Knox, Cedar, Dakota and Thurston counties. Nick Fritz of Pender received the unanimous nomination from both parties, and will be the next State Senator from the 8th district by the biggest majority a fusion-candidate ever got.

A Wayne Goldbug Orator.

"Look at me! I am ten years older than Bryan; I've had more law practice; I know more, and I think I would make a better President than Bryan."

Editor Wheeler of the Wakefield Republican was a very sick man when he beheld the magnitude of the Ambrose rally, recently held in his town, and to appease his bellicose nature published a tirade of abuse and ridicule of the affair. The result is our partisan brother didn't have to print nearly so many Republicans the following week, and there was also a perceptible shortage in its advertising columns.

Jim Moore, who was at one time an employe on the Graphic, is now chief wogul of the Humphrey Democrat, and is printing a spicy paper. Speaking of Uncle Tom's Cabin show, which will hit this town next Wednesday, Jim writes: "There was a woman in Uncle Tom's Cabin Show so long waisted that she had to wear two belts. And a number of the young bloods were anxious to investigate."

Tom Steele returned to Sioux City Wednesday, having disposed of 220 cattle that he had up the country. Tom is one of the many level-headed business men who are in the fight this year for the poor man's silver dollar as against the autocrat's gold. He has recently returned from a trip, in Missouri and reports the silver agitation in that state sweeping out all opposition.

INTER STATE FAIR.

Sioux City Iowa, Sept. 11-19, 1896. For the above excursion tickets will be sold Sept. 10th to 19th inclusive, good returning until and including Sept. 21, at one fare plus 50c. This rate includes admission ticket to the fair. Children half rate.

T. W. MORAN, Agt.

The free silver people of Wakefield are up in arms against the Republican of that town for its mean and unwarranted attack on them in writing up their recent blowout. Negotiations are under way to make a free silver paper out of the Journal, and Editor Wheeler's injudiciousness will cost him a large part of his income.

While our republican brethren are having so much satisfaction out of their straw polls of republican crowds, the democrat might incidently remark that at a gathering of Germans south of Pender at Germania hall, there was one hundred Bryan men to one lone McKinleyite.

Ed. Monahan, a young man of Sioux City, wanted "to go up in a balloon" at Crystal Lake last Sunday but got "jabbed" in the neck by Chief Nelson of Sioux City, instead. For coarse brutality and dissipation, the Sioux City officials lead the world.

MERE MENTION.

Advertise in the DEMOCRAT.

25 cents for the DEMOCRAT to Jan. 1. Dr. Heckert, Dentist, Miller block Mrs. M. Hailey is visiting at Neola, Iowa.

M. H. Dodge was down from Winside Monday.

Tom Lound and W. M. Gue were in the city Tuesday.

Rev. Millard has been very sick all week with a fever.

Miss Leta Corbit came home from Chicago Monday.

Good fall suits to order for \$20. Holtz, the tailor.

W. F. Ramsey of Pender was in the city over Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Ford drove up to Winside last Saturday.

The nobbiest styles of fall suitings at Holtz's tailor shop.

Charley McLeod and wife were up from near Pilger last Sunday.

Well dressed gentlemen get their suits made to order at Holtz's.

Rev. A. E. Russell will preach at the Baptist church next Sunday.

Nice line of trunks and grips at 39w3

JOHN HARRINGTON.

W. A. Ivory, Dentist, Parlors over First National Bank, Wayne, Neb.

Pure cider vinegar at the Brookings grocery; just the thing for pickling.

The German Store shipped 500 pounds of poultry to Blair Monday.

A nice line of Smyrna Rugs at 39w3

JOHN HARRINGTON.

Dr. Heckert went to Iowa on business Monday to be absent a week.

Bromes for hog cholera, 1, 2, and 5 gallon jugs at KOHL'S.

Mac Tollinger and family are talking of moving to Oregon next month.

Bromo is the best hog cholera remedy on the market, for sale at KOHL'S

Miss Clara Philleo has been visiting in Sioux City and Ponca this week.

Come in and see our Dress Patterns. 39w3

JOHN HARRINGTON.

J. D. King went out west to the sand hills, last Monday, on real estate business.

Judge Barnes went through to Pender Tuesday, to clean up some law business.

Alex Terwilliger was in Omaha during the fair, and became on "Ak-Sar-Ben."

Miss Mabel Kimball of Wakefield was a guest of her brother, H. L., last Sabbath.

Mayor Stringer and son Mark came home from St. Paul last Saturday evening.

W. A. Poynter is billed to speak at the opera house Tuesday evening, Sept. 20th.

J. Glasson, the laundry man, had to send his boiler to Norfolk Tuesday for repairs.

F. W. Burdick purchased a fine highgrade Meteor wheel when in Omaha for \$25.

Landlord Bean is wearing a 4x6 smile these days; his popular hotel is full of guests.

C. C. Turner and Andy Brenner were doing business in Sioux City the first of the week.

Gib Hunt has laid down the quill in the Pender Republic office, and will take a much needed rest.

Mrs. Mark Miller came down from Randolph last Saturday and spent the Sabbath with relatives.

For sixty cents we will send you The Democrat until Jan. 1st and the Sioux City Tribune for one year.

I expect to sell all my household goods at private sale in the next few days.

MRS. H. B. BOYD.

Andy Brenner was up the Hartington branch on Wednesday looking after some of the firm's elevators.

Give your hogs Bromo, the best cholera remedy in the market.

For Sale at KOHL'S

Labor Day was generally observed by the laborers. Now, a day's labor is what most of them are looking for.

Rev. Davis performed the baptismal rites for two new members to the Baptist creed last Monday evening.

Just received: Nice line of Fall Goods. 39w3

JOHN HARRINGTON.

Attorney John C. Morrison of Lincoln is in the city, looking after his business interests in Wayne county.

Joe Atkinson's team ran away last Saturday night, making swift time from town to the farm but doing no damage.

The McKinley jubilee singers are printing a book of their best songs; Bert Cook is doing the work at the Herald office.

Mrs. J. J. Williams is visiting at her old home in Iowa City.

Clyde Conkling of Carroll was in the city Monday, and a welcome visitor at this office.

Rev. Wight was in Norfolk last Saturday attending a meeting of the presbytery.

W. L. Rose and G. W. Wiltse will hold a joint debate, on the money question, at Randolph tomorrow night.

A new swine plague has broken out at Stromsburg and in Burt county that beats the cholera in depopulating the pig sty's.

Only seven more issues of The Democrat before election. You can get these by dropping 15 cents in our free silver tank.

Nathan Chace drove up to his farm twenty miles northwest of town last Sunday. Nate isn't much stuck on farmers' prospects.

Two months of beautiful fall weather ahead of us, and two months, also, of the worst political storm that ever struck the country.

Misses Lulu and Grace Neihart departed for their respective schools last Saturday; the former teaches at Emerson and the latter at Salem.

Chas. W. Reynolds and J. G. Miller leave next Monday for the State University, where the former will take a preparatory law course.

The citizens of Stromsburg had a big political fight last Saturday. Blood was coined at sixteen to one and a large number of arrests followed.

The scorchers are doing some hard training for the bicycle races which come off on the 24th. A half mile was made in 1:06 the other day.

Tom Lound says that at the present writing there are but 23 McKinleyites in Winside and a poor show to poll that many votes in November.

Hon. John T. Bressler, we hear, is beefing about \$11 a ton hard coal, and says he can't stand it. Still there is no question but that J. T. will vote for the coal-baron Hobart.

The editor of the Wisner Chronicle was licked last week by lumberman Sears. We are wondering how Sears got Editor Kenower down "off the fence" to administer chastisement.

The fellows who are talking so loud and fast about "chronic office seekers" should bear in mind that not all of them have been honest enough to come out and fight for free silver.

Miss Grace Widney will sing at the Presbyterian church next Sunday, both morning and evening. Miss Widney, as we stated last week, will give a concert here during her visit.

Ted N. Sunday and Fenn C. Kenower were up from Wisner last week to attend a leap year party given at the Reynolds home in honor of Charles who leaves next week for Lincoln.

Harry Woodall was in the city on Monday from Norfolk. Harry says Bob Taylor, who used to be in the banking business here, is now stumping the state of California for free silver.

Wisner Chronicle: D. W. Sand entered the Wayne Normal College this week. Dan is one of our most promising young men and the Chronicle wishes him success in his college career.

Rev. J. C. Gallaudet will hold Episcopal services in the K. P. hall next Sunday, both morning and evening. Rev. Gallaudet is a fine speaker and everyone is cordially invited to attend the services.

T. J. Steele was in town last Friday and according to Sam Davies' story the goldbugs nearly ate him up. The truth is, Sam made a wild bluff at T. J., and then he took water so fast that he hasn't run it all off his brain yet.

"Wars of the Bible and the Lessons they Teach" is the subject for next Sunday's Y. M. C. A. meeting, which is to be conducted by the old soldiers. We are always interested in the old veterans' talks, so everyone attend.

Phil H. Kohl received a letter, the other day from a goldbug cousin who lives in Michigan, which read to the effect that Bryan was an easy winner in that state by 25000 votes, but that McKinley would have 20000 majority in Ohio.

Hon. M. F. Harrington will speak at Wakefield tomorrow evening, and all who can do so are requested to go down from Wayne and hear him. Mr. Harrington is one of the ablest champions of the state in the fight for bi-metalism.

The Misses Effie and Lucie Buffington commenced their studies in Chicago last Monday, the former to take a three months course in instrumental music, and the latter the same in elocution. They will not be home until about Christmas.

Watch This Space

Next Week you will hear from us on

Fine Dress Goods,

Silk Velvets,

and Trimmings.

Latest Novelties in

Fall Millinery, Capes, Cloaks and Jackets.

Goods now Coming in.

AHERN.

The Bryan Club will meet at K. P. Hall tomorrow, Saturday, evening. All members requested to be present.

Randolph Record: A. B. Charde and Geo. Wilbur of Wayne spoke last evening at the Welverton school house for Bryan and free silver. There was about one hundred enthusiastic listeners.

While driving into the city last Sunday Roy Jeffries team ran away, overturning the carriage and throwing the occupants into the road. A few bruises and a broken buggy was the size of the damage.

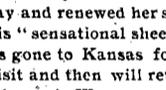
Mrs. Libbie Bryan was in the city on Monday and renewed her subscription to this "sensational sheet." Mrs. Bryan has gone to Kansas for a few months visit and then will return and make her home in Wayne.

The Wayne section of the Teachers' Reading Circle meets tomorrow afternoon, and the other divisions on the 26th. After this month the time will be changed to the first and second Saturdays in each month.

Arthur Miller went to Randolph last Sunday, and took up his school duties Monday morning. We commend Arthur to the good graces of the best people of Randolph; he is an honor to any town he makes his home in.

The free silver people of Winside are going to have a grand blowout on the evening of the 19th. W. E. Reed of Madison and Wilbur F. Bryant will orate on the occasion. A large delegation will go up from Wayne, including the glee club.

A Wayne Calamity Banker.



"I want you to just mark this prediction down in iron; that if Bryan is elected this country will see fearful times; everybody will be closed out at mortgage sale, and we will have four long years of frightful depression and hardship."

Mrs. Henry Boyd and the children will soon leave for Vancouver's Island, Mr. Boyd remaining here to look after his business interests. Sam Theobald will move into the Boyd residence and Fred Philleo into his own.

Geo. Wilbur is said to have made a great speech last week up at the Welverton schoolhouse, talking about an hour and twenty minutes without any notes. All that George lacks to make "as good a president as Bryan" is lack of law practice.

Randolph Record: Frank Fuller, president and corresponding secretary of the Wayne McKinley club, has come out for Bryan and free silver. Mr. Fuller is the oldest practicing attorney in Wayne county and has been a leading republican.

Attorney A. A. Welch has been putting some hard, steady work on matters pertaining to the Russell shortage the past two weeks. If there is anything in this case for the county The Democrat guarantees that Mr. Welch will dig it out.

The Stanton Pickett says: "And while we think of it the Wayne county delegation died in the ditch with Northrop." Guess the Pickett is right; we understand some of them fell off the sidewalk, and most of them were near dead when they got home.

Hon. Frank Fuller will discuss the issues of the day at the Anderson schoolhouse on next Thursday evening, the 17th, at 8:00 o'clock. Everybody, especially republicans, invited to attend.

Attorney F. V. Read of Norfolk spoke at Randolph Wednesday evening and at Wausa last night. Mr. Read is another erring (?) republican brother, fighting for silver.

A Hoskins citizen sends us a budget of campaign poetry but forgot to attach his responsibility to it. Poetry is dangerous stuff to put in print, and our Hoskins friend should remember that an editor's life is sweeter, to us, when we run no risk of being mobbed by a lot of bloodthirsty citizens.

The Democrat has neither time nor space to devote to quarreling with its esteemed contemporaries about the relative numbers who take part in rallies, etc. There is better meat on the turkey. It's votes for the betterment of the country we are after; and gentlemen, things are coming our way.

The Denver News of the 5th contains the sad news of the death of Rev. John W. Linn, who died at Leadville Thursday of last week, while attending M. E. conference. The cause of death was an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Linn was well known here, having occupied the M. E. pulpit on a few occasions.

There was a jolly crowd of Wakefield people up here to witness the tennis games Tuesday, coming up in a picnic wagon, and remaining in the city until nine in the evening. Those in the party were H. H. Jarvis, F. Bloodhart and wife, B. F. Pearson and wife, the Misses Pearson, Misses Matthewson, Mrs. W. Wheeler, and Messrs L. A. McKichan, C. Matthewson, L. Freen, A. L. Button.

The Democrat is happy to compliment the Sioux City Daily Journal on its fairness and impartiality in giving its readers full and unbiased accounts of Bryan's march to victory. Republicans as well as the free silver people appreciate this feature of the Journal's news reports, especially since the Omaha Bee and other republican papers have endeavored to suppress, or give a garbled account of Candidate Bryan's speeches.

A rich joke was played on Enoch Hunter Monday night down at Burson's saloon. A paper containing a speech of Teller's was fixed up as being one of Bryan's, and then given Ene to read aloud to the crowd. When Ene got to where Teller said he had been interested in gold mines for 35 years—Bryan being only 37 years old—words were too feeble to express his contempt for the lying, boy orator of the Platte, though he swore like a pirate of the high seas. When, however, he became collected, and noted the intensity of the amusement depicted on the faces of his audience, he snatched up the paper, and seeing the deception, bought drinks—for nobody, Enoch hasn't talked politics since.

A Fine Bargain.

Five fine rooms, two story and basement, frame house, out-buildings, and over one-third of an acre of splendid garden land, for sale at \$700. Only four blocks from center of Wayne. This property is worth \$1200, but owners are going to move and will sell it cheap and on good terms.

Call on A. B. CHARDEN Over State Bank

THE PICTURE OF DORIAN GRAY.

BY OSCAR WILDE.

"Dorian, Dorian," she cried, "before I knew you, acting was the one reality of my life. It was only in the theater that I lived. I thought that it was all true. I was Rosalind one night, and Portia the other. The joy of Beatrice was my joy, and the sorrows of Cordelia were mine also. I believed in everything. The common people who acted with me seemed to me to be god-like. The painted scenes were my world. I knew nothing but shadows, and I thought them real. You came—oh, my beautiful love!—and you freed my soul from prison. You taught me what reality really is. To-night, for the first time in my life, I saw through the hollow pageant, the sham, the silliness, of the empty pageant in which I had always played. To-night, for the first time, I became conscious that the Romeo was hideous, and old, and painted, that the moonlight in the orchard was false, that the scenery was vulgar, and that the words I had to speak were unreal, were not my words, not what I wanted to say. You had brought me something higher, something of which all art is but a reflection. You have made me understand what love really is. My love! My love! I am sick of shadows. You are more to me than all art can ever be. What have I to do with the puppets of a play? When I came on to-night, I could not understand how it was that everything had gone from me. Suddenly it dawned on my soul what it all meant. The knowledge was exquisite to me. I heard them hissing, and I smiled. What should they know of love? Take me away, Dorian—take me away with you, where we can be quite alone. I hate the stage. I might mimic a passion that I do not feel, but I can not mimic one that burns me like fire. Oh, Dorian, Dorian, you understand now what it all means! Even if I could do it, it would be profane for me to play at being in love. You have made me see that."

He flung himself down on the sofa, and turned away his face.

"You have killed my love," he muttered. She looked at him in wonder, and laughed. He made her no answer. She came across to him, and stroked his hair with her little fingers. She knelt down and pressed his hands to her lips. He drew them away, and a shudder ran through him.

Then he leaped up and went to the door. "Yes," he cried, "you have killed my love. You used to stir my imagination. Now you don't even stir my curiosity. You simply produce no effect. I loved you because you were wonderful, because you had genius and intellect, because you realized the dreams of great poets and gave shape and substance to the shadows of art. You have thrown it all away. You are shallow and stupid. My God! how mad I was to love you! What a fool I have been! You are nothing to me now. I will never see you again. I will never think of you. I will never mention your name. You don't know what you were to me, once. Why, once—Oh, I can't bear to think of it! I wish I had never laid eyes upon you! You have spoiled the romance of my life. How little you can know of love, if you say it mars your art! What are you without your art? Nothing. I would have made you famous, splendid, magnificent. The world would have worshipped you, and you would have belonged to me. What are you now? A third-rate actress with a pretty face."

The girl grew white, and trembled. She clutched her hands together, and her voice seemed to catch in her throat. "You are not serious, Dorian?" she murmured. "You are acting."

"Acting? Leave that to you. You do it so well," he answered, bitterly. She rose from her knees, and, with a piteous expression of pain in her face, came across the room to him. She put her hand upon his arm, and looked into his eyes. He thrust her back. "Don't touch me!" he cried.

A low moan broke from her, and she flung herself at his feet, and lay there like a trampled flower. "Dorian, Dorian, don't leave me," she whispered. "I am so sorry I didn't act well. I was thinking of you all the time. But I will try—indeed, I will try. It came so suddenly across me, my love for you. I think I should never have known it if you had not kissed me—if you had not kissed each other. Kiss me again, my love. Don't go away from me. I couldn't bear it. Can't you forgive me for to-night? I will work so hard and try to improve. Don't be cruel to me because I love you better than anything in the world. After all, it is only once that I have not pleased you. But you are quite right, Dorian. I should have shown myself more of an artist. It is foolish of me; and yet I couldn't help it. Oh, don't leave me, don't leave me." A fit of passionate sobbing choked her. She crouched on the floor like a wounded thing, and Dorian Gray, with his beautiful eyes, looked down at her, and his lips curled in exquisite disdain. There is always something ridiculous about the passions of people whom one has ceased to love. Sibyl Vane seemed to him to be absurdly melodramatic. Her tears and her sobs annoyed him.

"I am going," he said at last, in his calm, clear voice. "I don't wish to be unkind, but I can't see you again. You have disappointed me."

She wept silently, and made no answer, but crept nearer to him. Her little hands stretched blindly out, and appeared to be seeking for him. He turned on his heel and, left the room. In a few moments he was out of the theater.

Where he went to he hardly knew. He remembered wandering through dimly lighted streets with gaunt black-shadowed archways and evil-looking houses. Women with hoarse voices and harsh laughter had called after him. Drunkards had reeled by cursing, and chattering to themselves like monstrous apes. He had seen grotesque children huddled upon doorsteps, and had heard shrieks and oaths from gloomy courts.

When the dawn was just breaking he found himself at Covent Garden. Huge carts filled with nodding lilies rumbled slowly down the polished empty street. The air was heavy with the perfume of the flowers, and their beauty seemed to bring him an anodyne for his pain. He followed into the market, and watched the men unloading their wagons. A white-smocked carter offered him some cherries. He thanked him, wondered why he refused to accept any money for them, and began to eat them listlessly. They had been plucked at midnight, and the coldness of the moon had entered into them. A long line of boys carrying crates of striped tulips, and of yellow and red roses, doffed in front of him, threading their way through the huge, jade-green piles of vegetables. Under the portico, with its gray sun-bleached pillars, loitered a troop of dragged bearded girls, waiting for the auction to be over. After some time he halted a hansom and drove home. The sky was pure opal now, and the roofs of the houses glistened like

silver against it. As he was passing through the library toward the door of his bedroom, his eye fell upon the portrait Basil Hallward had painted of him. He started back in surprise, and then went over to it and examined it. In the dim arrested light that struggled through the cream-colored silk blinds, the face seemed to him to be a little changed. The expression looked different. One would have said that there was a touch of cruelty in the mouth. It was certainly curious.

He turned round, and, walking to the window, drew the blinds up. The bright dawn flooded the room, and swept the fantastic shadows into dusky corners, where they lay shuddering. But the strange expression that he had noticed in the face of the portrait seemed to linger there, to be more intensified even. The quivering, ardent sunlight showed him the lines of cruelty round the mouth as clearly as if he had been looking into a mirror after he had done some dreadful thing.

He winced, and, taking up from the table an oval glass framed in ivory Cupids, that Lord Henry had given him, he glanced hurriedly into it. No line like that warped his lips. What did it mean?

He rubbed his eyes, and came close to the picture, and examined it again. There were no signs of any change when he looked into the actual painting, and yet, there was no doubt that the whole expression had altered. It was not a mere fancy of his own. The thing was horribly apparent.

He threw himself into a chair, and began to think. Suddenly there flashed across his mind what he had said in Basil Hallward's studio the day the picture had been finished. Yes, he remembered it perfectly. He had uttered a mad wish that he himself might remain young, and the portrait grow old; that his own beauty might be unfaded, and the face on the canvas bear the burden of his passions and his sins; that the painted image might be seared with the lines of suffering and thought, and that he might keep the delicate bloom and loveliness of his then just conscious boyhood. Surely his prayer had not been answered? Such things were impossible. It seemed monstrous even to think of them. And, yet, there was the picture before him, with the touch of cruelty in the mouth.

Cruelty! Had he been cruel? It was the girl's fault, not his. He had dreamed of her as a great artist, had given his love to her because he had thought her great. Then she had disappointed him. She had been shallow and unworthy. And, yet, a feeling of infinite regret came over him, as he thought of her lying at his feet sobbing like a little child. He remembered with what callousness he had watched her. Why had he been made like that? Why had such a soul been given to him? But he had suffered also. During the three terrible hours that the play had lasted, he had lived centuries of pain, on upon agon of torture. His life was well worth hers. She had marred him for a moment, if he had wounded her for an age. Besides, women were better suited to bear sorrow than men. They lived on their emotions. They only thought of their emotions. When they took lovers, it was merely to have some one with whom they could have scenes. Lord Henry had told him that, and Lord Henry knew what women were. Why should he trouble about Sibyl Vane? She was nothing to him now.

But that picture! What was he to say to that? It held the secret of his life, and told his story. It had taught him to love his own beauty. Would it teach him to loathe his own soul? Would he ever look at it again?

No; it was merely an illusion wrought on the troubled senses. The horrible night that he had passed had left phantoms behind it. Suddenly there had fallen upon his brain that tiny scarlet speck that makes men mad. The picture had not changed. It was folly to think so.

Yet it was watching him, with its cruel smile. Its bright hair gleamed in the early sunlight. Its blue eyes met his own. A sense of infinite pity, not for himself, but for the painted image of himself, came over him. It had altered already, and would alter more. Its gold would wither into gray. Its red and white roses would die. For every sin that he had committed, a stain would flock and wreck its fairness. But he would not sin. The picture, changed or unchanged, would be to him the visible emblem of conscience. He would resist temptation. He would not see Lord Henry any more—would not, at any rate, listen to subtle poisonous theories that in Basil Hallward's garden had first started within him the passion for impossible things. He would go back to Sibyl Vane, make her amend, marry her, try to love her again. Yes, it was his duty, to do so. She must have suffered more than he had. Poor child! He had been selfish and cruel to her. The fascination that she had exercised over him would return. They would be happy together. His life with her would be beautiful and pure.

He got up from his chair and drew a large screen right in front of the portrait, shuddering as he glanced at it. "How horrible!" he murmured to himself, and he walked across to the window and opened it. When he stepped out on the grass, he drew a deep breath. The fresh morning air seemed to drive away all his somber passions. He thought only of Sibyl Vane. A faint echo of his love came back to him. He repeated her name over and over again. The birds that were singing in the dew-drenched garden seemed to be telling the flowers about her.

It was long past noon when he awoke. His valet had crept several times into the room on tiptoe to see if he was stirring, and had wondered what made his young master sleep so late. Finally his bell sounded, and Victor came in softly with a cup of tea, and a pile of letters, on a small tray of old Sevres china, and drew back the olive-satin curtains, with their shimmering blue lining, that hung in front of the three tall windows.

"Monsieur has slept well this morning," he said, smiling.

"What o'clock is it, Victor?" asked Dorian Gray sleepily.

"One hour and a quarter, monsieur." How late it was! He sat up, and, having sipped some tea, turned over his letters. One of them was from Lord Henry, and had been brought to hand that morning. He hesitated for a moment, and then put it aside. The others he opened listlessly. They contained the usual collection of cards, invitations to dinner, tickets for private views, programmes of charity concerts, and the like, that are showered on fashionable young men every morning during the season. There was a rather heavy bill, for a chased silver Louis Quinze toilet-set, that he had not yet had the courage to send on to his guardians, who were extremely old-fashioned people and did not realize that we live in an age when only unnecessary things are absolutely necessary to us; and there were several very courteously worded communications from Jermyn Street money-lenders offering to advance any sum of money at a moment's notice and at the most reasonable rates of interest.

After about ten minutes he got up, and, throwing on an elaborate dressing-gown, passed into the onyx-panelled bath-room. The cool water refreshed him after his long sleep. He seemed to have forgotten all that he had gone through. A dim sense of having taken part in some strange tragedy came to him once or twice, but there was the unreality of a dream about it.

As soon as he was dressed, he went into the library and sat down to a light French breakfast, that had been laid out for him on a small round table close to an open window. It was an exquisite day. The warm air seemed laden with spices. A bee flew in, and buzzed round the blue-dragon bowl, filled with sulphur-yellow roses, that stood in front of him. He felt perfectly happy.

Suddenly his eye fell on the screen that he had placed in front of the portrait, and he started.

"Too cold for monsieur?" asked his valet, putting an omelet on the table. "I shut the window!"

Dorian shook his head. "I am not cold," he murmured.

Was it all true? Had the portrait really changed? Or had it been simply his own imagination that had made him see a look of evil where had been a look of joy? Surely a painted canvas could not alter! The thing was absurd. It would serve as a tale to tell Basil some day. It would make him smile.

And yet how vivid was his recollection of the whole thing! First in the dim twilight, and then in the bright dawn, he had seen the touch of cruelty in the warped lips. He almost dreaded his valet leaving the room. He knew that when he was alone he would have to examine the portrait. He was afraid of certainty. When the coffee and cigarettes had been brought and the man turned to go, he felt a mad desire to tell him he called him back. He stood waiting for his orders. Dorian looked at him for a moment. "I am not at home to any one, Victor," he said, with a sigh. The man bowed and retired.

He rose from the table, lighted a cigarette, and flung himself down on a luxuriously-cushioned couch that stood facing the screen. The screen was an old one of gilt Spanish leather, stamped and wrought with a rather florid Louis Quinze pattern. He scanned it curiously, wondering if it had ever before concealed the secret of a man's life.

"Should he move it aside, after all? Why not let it stay there? What was the use of knowing? If the thing was true, it was terrible. It was not true, why trouble about it? But what if, by some fate or deadlier chance, other eyes than his spied behind, and saw the horrible change? What should he do if Basil Hallward came and asked to look at his picture? He would be sure to do that. No; the thing had to be examined, at once. Anything would be better than this dreadful state of doubt.

He got up, and looked both doors. At least he would be alone when he looked upon the mask of his shame. Then he drew the screen aside, and saw himself face to face. It was perfectly true. The portrait had altered.

As he often remembered afterward, and always with no small wonder, he found himself at first gazing at the portrait with a feeling of almost scientific interest. That such a change should have taken place was incredible to him. And yet it was a fact. Was there some subtle affinity between the chemical atoms, that shaped themselves into form and color on the canvas, and the soul that was within him? Could it be what that soul thought, they realized—that what it dreamed, they made true? Or was there some other, more terrible reason? He shuddered, and felt afraid, and, going back to the couch, lay there, gazing at the picture in sickening horror.

One thing, however, he felt that it had done for him. It had made him conscious how unjust, how cruel, he had been to Sibyl Vane. It was not too late to make reparation for that. She could still be his wife. His unreal and selfish love would yield to some higher influence, would be transformed into some nobler passion, and that the portrait that Basil Hallward had painted of him would be to him what holiness was to some, and conscience to others, and the fear of God to us all. There were opiates for remorse, drugs that could lull the moral sense to sleep. But there was a visible symbol of the degradation of sin. Here was an ever-present sign of the ruin men brought upon their souls.

(Continued next week.)

THE CAT WAS TAILLESS.

But Smiley Walker Would Not Accept Her as a Mascot.

Smiley Walker is the imperturbable advance agent for Wilson Barrett. He takes life calmly and cheerfully in happy accordance with the suggestion of his front name. But yesterday afternoon his spirit was ruffled. He was sitting in Manager Prior's office at the Schiller Theater when a man he had never seen before asked for Mr. Barrett's manager. Mr. Walker admitted that he answered to that description.

"Do you want to do a big business with 'The Manxman' next week?" the stranger asked.

"Certainly," replied Mr. Walker; "that's what I'm here for. You keep a grocery or a saloon on Milwaukee avenue, I suppose, and want some lithographs?"

"Not at all," said the stranger. "I've got something better than that. It will bring you great luck sure."

"What is it?"

"A cat that—" began the stranger. "That will do," broke in Mr. Walker; "we carry a cow, some chickens and two geese, but we haven't any cat for cats."

"But this cat hasn't any tail!"

"I don't care if she has two tails or none. We've no use for a cat at all. It's absurd."

"And yet you are giving 'The Manxman,' and advertise that it is a realistic picture of life in the Isle of Man. Don't you know that Manx cats are born without tails, and how on earth can you make the public realize the atmosphere without a cat true to nature? Now, I have the only Manx cat in Chicago, and for two seats I'm—"

But Mr. Walker pushed the Manxman out and locked the door. —Chicago Times-Herald.

Every man above 45 years of age must recall the many smooth and defaced United States silver coins saved before metallic money of all sorts, save small tokens coins, was driven out of circulation by paper currency. A noticeably worn coin is seldom seen nowadays, save, perhaps, on the Mexican border, where shadowy coins from the sister republic have a feeble circulation. The Canadian coins that circulate on the northern border are sharply stamped and of full weight.

The Basis of Relief.

The more a statement of facts conflicts with previous experience, the more complete must be the evidence which is to justify us in believing it. It is upon this principle that everyone carries on the business of common life. If a man tells me he saw a pegasus in Florida, I believe him without hesitation. The thing itself is likely enough, and there is no imaginable motive for his deceiving me. But if the same person tells me he observed a zebra there, I must hesitate a little about accepting his testimony, unless I were well satisfied, not only as to his previous acquaintance with zebras, but as to his powers and opportunities of observation in the present case. If, however, my informant assured me that he beheld a centaur trotting down that famous thoroughfare, I should also be recoiled to credit his statement; and this even if he were the most saintly of men, and ready to suffer martyrdom in support of his belief.

When the Baby is Thirsty. Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Do not give the baby more food every time it cries, especially in the hot weather. Very often young infants suffer from real thirst, and milk—their food—will not, in any way, satisfy this natural craving. If the child cries, when it is not time for another meal, give it a little water, plain, cold, filtered water, with a spoon, or in a tiny medicine glass. Water given in this way will often supply the demands of nature, and bring sleep, when milk would only cause discomfort.

Giving fruit to your children in hot weather is a matter requiring much discretion. A very little should be tried at a time, and if this agrees well more may be taken within reasonable limits.

Fruit should be eaten early in the day, never after 2 o'clock by young children. It must be ripe, yet not overripe, and perfectly fresh.

A pair of ancient soldier's boots, found in a cupboard of a very old building in Surrey, England, weighed about ten pounds each, being made of the thickest hide, lined and padded, with very thick soles and large rowelled spurs, attached by steel chains.

In a pay envelope a Pennsylvania railroad employee living at Velparavato, Ind., found a \$5 note on which was written: "This bill represents the last of a fortune, all squandered on women, wine and cards."

A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION

ASTONISHING FACTS BROUGHT TO LIGHT BY A NEWSPAPER REPORTER.

Prominent Citizens Corroborate Various Statements Made by Druggists Also Interviewed—Many Testimonials as to the Cures Effected by the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

From the Herald, Clinton, Iowa.

For the purpose of thoroughly investigating the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which have been so widely advertised, a reporter was detailed to visit three towns, taken at random, between Clinton and Cedar Rapids: Clarence, Stanwood and Mechanicsville, were the places selected and their representatives were interviewed.

Clarence is a village of seven or eight hundred people, with two drug stores, run respectively by Geo. E. Smith and W. H. Blair. Both of these gentlemen spoke enthusiastically of the Pink Pills. Mr. Blair said he handled them extensively, that they had become a staple article of trade among druggists, and now he would as soon think of conducting a drug business without quinque as Pink Pills. He then asked if the Herald man had called on Mrs. Curley, and recommended him so to do, as hers was looked upon in Clarence as a most remarkable case of recovery from advanced stomach trouble. Mrs. Curley told her story briefly as follows:

"A year ago the doctors gave me up to die, with disease of stomach, and I was very near death. While I was very low a friend persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, though I had very little faith in them. After using part of a box I wanted to give it up, but my people made me keep on, and before I had used up the fourth box I was cured."

Mrs. Betsey Gortner is another who has been greatly helped by the Pink Pills. Mr. Gortner is a retired farmer, and he and his wife occupy a pretty cottage in the southern part of the town. Mrs. Gortner said: "While my case is not as wonderful as that of Mrs. Curley, I think and know indeed that Pink Pills have cured me no less truly. My nerves were so weak for many years, and I suffered greatly as a result. Something like a year ago I was affected with stomach trouble, largely dependent, I think, upon the condition of my nervous system. Hearing of the cure in Mrs. Curley's case, I consulted her, and on her advice tried the Pink Pills. They have cured me. My stomach no longer troubles me, and I always keep them on hand, now, and my husband and I use them whenever we are threatened with any trouble of this sort. I recommend Dr. Williams' remedy whenever I have opportunity. Mrs. Laura Neely is one of my friends who has used the pills with particularly good results."

Mrs. Neely was visited, and her story was very similar to that of Mrs. Gortner. Her nervous system had been almost shattered, she was threatened indeed with spinal meningitis. Pink Pills had relieved and strengthened her. She told of several other cases within her circle of acquaintance where the pills had been used, and in every case speedy relief and cure followed.

At Mechanicsville, the reporter found only additional testimony as to the merits of Pink Pills. The proprietor of the Palace Drug Company, assured him that no proprietary medicine had a greater sale than this. This company buys the pills in wholesale quantities. C. E. Gould also sells large quantities of the medicine. Both druggists told of many cases in which the remedy had been very successful. Among these cases was that of Michael Zerbe, a retired farmer, living in the village. The case was one of rheumatism, and was cured by one box of the pills.

Mr. Zerbe himself said: "I was in bad shape with rheumatism in the spring. I was induced by a friend to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. One box relieved me, and I got out of my bed, and in a few days I was as well as ever." The visitor found Mr. Zerbe at work about his home, and he seemed the picture of rugged health, despite the fact that he assured the reporter that he had been but a few months before bent and bowed with rheumatism.

The results of the experiment cannot be regarded as anything less than marvelous. Of those visited not one refused to recommend heartily the pills, and everyone could suggest many others whom the reporter was unable to visit, but whom he was assured were just as well satisfied as to their merits and just as enthusiastic in their praise.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Ching! Chang! Chung!!!

Which is right—And which is wrong—Li Hung Chang Or Li Chung Tong? Why not agree. Perplexed Press-gang, Or Li Chung Tong Or Li Hung Chang? Let those who read You day by day—At last should say—"Hang Li Hung Chang—Li Chung is hung!" —New York World.

Too Late to Mend. There is a point beyond which medication cannot go. Before it is too late to mend, persons of a rheumatic tendency, inherited or acquired, should use that benignant defense against the further progress of the superstenacious malady—rheumatism. The name of this proven rescuer is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which, it should also be recollected, cures dyspepsia, liver complaint, fever and ague, debility and nervousness.

Washable. From Puck. Miss Geyser—You advertise something new in bathing suits. Clerk—Yes'm; here's an article that you can wash when it gets soiled.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is our only medicine for coughs and colds.—Mrs. C. Beltz, 439 8th ave., Denver, Colo., Nov. 8, '95.

Nobody in Town. I stand upon my island home, My island home in Regent street, And listen to the ceaseless foam Of traffic breaking at my feet; The sky above is clear and sweet, The summer day is smiling down, I muse upon it and repeat That "there is nobody in town."

All day a living metronome Keeps up a firm, relentless beat, All day the little children roam Through airless alleys in the heat; All day the men and women meet With tired eyes and settled frown, I marvel in my safe retreat That "there is nobody in town."

Ah, world beneath the sky's blue dome, In flannels white and spotless gown, Ah, world that such a day might come When there was nobody in town. —Dollie Radford.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.,

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humors, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken. When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. The best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

OPIMUM Habit Cured. Est. in 1871. Thousands cured. Cheap and best cure. FREE TRIAL. AT: SIOUX CITY, DR. WALKER, QUINCY, ILL.

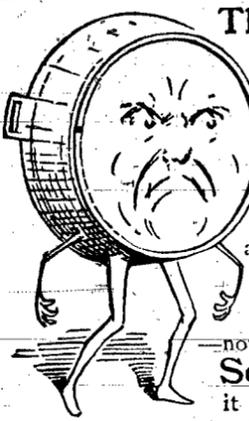
SIOUX CITY PRINTING CO. 633-37

Many French undertakers are now using cheap coffins pressed out of paper pulp. When polished and stained such coffins look almost as well as those of wood. They last longer in the ground than coffins of wood or metal, and they can be hermetically sealed better than heavy metal ones.

Nobody cuts any ice this weather.

HOWARD S. BAKER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS SIOUX CITY, IOWA.

MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED. We keep a full and complete stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Rubber Goods, Toilet Articles and Pharmaceutical Preparations. Should there be anything you can not or do not desire to purchase at home, your order will be carefully and promptly filled. Prices guaranteed.



That terrible wash-tub!

This is the way it looks to the women who do their washing in the old-fashioned way. They dread it—and no wonder. All because they won't use Pearline. Use Pearline—use it just as directed—soak, boil and rinse the clothes—and the wash-tub won't be a bugbear. You won't have to be over it enough for that. No hard work—no inhaling of fetid steam—no wearing rubbing—no torn clothes—nothing but economy.

Send Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as" Pearline. IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back.

"The New Woman."

Battle-Ax PLUG

The "new woman" favors economy, and she always buys "Battle Ax" for her sweetheart. She knows that a 5-cent piece of "Battle Ax" is nearly twice as large as a 10-cent piece of other high grade brands. Try it yourself and you will see why "Battle Ax" is such a popular favorite all over the United States.

Be a Mind that "The Gods Help Those Who Help Themselves." Self Help Should Teach You to Use

SAPOLIO

The farmer with a mortgage on his farm is a pauper.—Ross L. Hammond.

Norfolk Journal: The best thing a middle-of-the-road populist can do is to vote the republican ticket.

The "cheap wheat," Mexican dollar racket, and protection proteges, have been laid on the shelf by the republican calamity howlers.

What are you going to do with the boy editor of the Fremont Tribune, who says "a farmer with a mortgage on his farm is a pauper."

The State Journal wants the old soldiers to vote for McKinley out of sympathy. It would be much cheaper to give him an increased pension.

A Sioux City ex-alderman has just eloped with another man's wife, while another has gone to work digging sewers. Sioux City must be strictly on the bum.

A number of Nebraska exchanges are agitating the curfew bell ordinance. Riff off, gentlemen; it's a mossgrown chestnut that the boys and girls can all crack.

Republican organs say that Judge Maxwell is old and gray, and then proceed to pour the soup into him. Republicans are a tough lot of cattle; they have no reverence for old age.

The goldites claim that the free silver orators make gold votes, while the free silver people affirm that the goldbug spouters make free silver converts. The American people of today are like a drove of hogs.

The Wisner Chronicle, (rep.), says: "Ross Hammond must overcome a majority of almost 4,000 if he carries this district. He is full of hard work and bustle, and will need it all to accomplish the task he has tackled.

John J. Webster says, the finances of the United States should be left to the financiers, that the people do not understand the question. Wall Street brokers and foreign sheenies, we're your meat.

Lost:—At St. Louis, June 18, 1896, confidence in the ability of the people to govern the United States, without the aid of the circumcised sheenies. Finder please return to the REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Local politicians are endeavoring to figure out what result the yellow democrat ticket will have in the election. It is improbable that the nominees, Palmer, of Illinois and Buckner, of Kentucky, will poll a big vote. The ticket was put in the field as a figure-head to hold the sound money democrats together for future use.

Wisner Chronicle, (rep.), "Both parties in Vermont declared in their state platforms for the gold standard, therefore the issues before the nation were not submitted to the voters of the Green Mountain State last Tuesday. The issue between Clevelandism and Republicanism could not result otherwise than in a crushing defeat for the latter as a state platform.

WHY OUR KICK IS JUST.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat (rep.) springs this wearisome old tale on a long suffering people: If a man melts down a gold dollar he can sell the metal for a hundred cents; but if he melts down a silver dollar he can sell the metal for only 53 cents. And yet the free coiners insist that the country should be flooded with the 53 cent dollars to pay 100 cent debts and wages.

The Denver Times makes the following pertinent and sensible remarks upon the reason why this is the case: It says: "If a man melts down a gold dollar he can sell the metal for 100 cents simply and solely because he can take it to the mint of the United States and have it re-cast into a new gold dollar without cost to himself. If he melts down a silver dollar he can sell the metal for only 53 cents because he cannot take it to the United States mint and have it re-cast into a standard silver dollar. If he could take it to the mint and have it re-stamped into a dollar, we would like to have some gold-ite organ say why it would not be worth a dollar in gold after the operator, just as it was before melting it down. All the free coinage people ask is that silver shall be accorded exactly the same coinage rights now enjoyed by gold, and if that is done there is not the slightest reason to fear that silver coin will not be just as good as gold coin at the ratio of 16 to 1."

For a month past the goldbug press has been howling with wrath and digging its heels into the free silver organs because of their refusal to confess to the forgery of an article copied by them from the London Financial News. The Democrat published this article, and notwithstanding the Financial News denied its publication in that sheet, we did not see fit to admit that it was a spurious campaign article, as circumstances led us to believe that for a very good reason the editors of the Financial News were lying when they denied its authenticity. This week we are able to prove that the News was the author of the article in question, and we respectfully request the goldbug press, that was so vehement in its charges of fraud, to acknowledge the corn when it is on the other foot. Will they do it? Nit.

E. Benjamin Andrews, president of Brown University, in a speech before the Chicago Commercial Club, in April, 1894, said: "I would not be surprised to see the Republican party champion the cause of bimetalism; events in the past year, the attitude of many of its party papers, and utterances of many of its leaders shows conclusively that the party is moving rapidly towards the issue. There is very little hope for the Republican party except through the bimetalism issue; it can never break the South on any other principle, and it cannot hold the great West, if it does not take an unqualified stand for the proper use of both metals in the Nation."

The last Nebraska man to be honored by a national organization, is Major T. S. Clarkson, who was elected as commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic at St. Paul last week. Nebraska has furnished more noted men than any other state this year. Two candidates for the presidency, two chairmen of national conventions, besides a member of the president's cabinet, and now the commander in chief of the G. A. R., made a showing of which every person in the state may well be proud.

WEBSTER'S CONFESSION.

It is one's soul good to see and hear a forest confession. Mr. John L. Webster, the ablest republican in Nebraska, at the opera house last Saturday night, plainly told the people that the cause of the panic was the agitation of free silver. That the republican party made a mistake when they listened to the siren voice of the Bland-Alison following and passed the Bland-Alison bill. That bill followed by the Sherman purchasing act was responsible for the panic. As there are several republicans in this community who have always insisted that tariff was what was the trouble, they have undoubtedly been set right by Mr. Webster. Conceding that Mr. Webster's diagnosis is correct. That the republicans were responsible for the mistakes which caused the panic, is it not asking a little too much on his part to insist that the party who has brought on this panic should be returned to power. Are they not liable to go wrong again and must a suffering people always wait for their wrongs to be remedied by the party who brings them upon them. The Democrat congratulates Mr. Webster upon his honesty in making the above statement.

ENGLISH VIEWS ON FREE COINAGE.

We all know that English influence, exerted extensively in New York, is against free coinage. We are only just beginning to learn some of the reasons why.

World-Herald readers have had their attention called to the editorial in the London Financial News, stating among other things:

There can be no doubt about it, that if the United States were to adopt a silver basis tomorrow British trade would be ruined before the year was out.

That is strong language addressed by a London paper to its English readers, but it is not much more startling than some of the utterances of English financiers and statesmen.

Lord Lidderdale, formerly governor of the Bank of England, is perhaps the most distinguished banker London has known in this generation. It was he who had the genius to devise and the nerve to suggest the expedients which carried London through the great dangers involved in the Baring Bros. failure. This great financier at a banquet given at the Mansion house in London used this language:

If the American people had the courage of conviction and adopted the double standard of gold and silver, no matter what the ratio, they would inside of a year command the trade of the east, India, the Straits, China and Japan. Unless England should follow suit and adopt a bimetallic standard, she would inside of eighteen months cease to be a commercial factor in the markets of the world.

The export trade of America will be enormously increased by the adoption of free silver coinage. This is our hope and it is what England dreads.

Moreover, the same silver coinage which expands our export trade will reduce our imports and give American manufacturers a much better home market. England dreads this also.

It might not be out of place at this time to remind you of what Senator Teller said in congress last winter in regard to the hard times: "I know that as a republican it may be considered to be my duty, from a partisan standpoint, to insist that the lack of prosperity is the result of a democratic administration. I do not so believe."

A BOGUS PLATFORM.

The Winside Tribune and Other Goldbug Papers Attempt to Deceive the Public.

This is the financial plank as it is being presented to the voters by the now thoroughly frightened and unreliable goldbug press: "The republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879. Since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are therefore opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved."

FINANCIAL PLANK OF THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Adopted at St. Louis, June 17, 1896. The republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879. Since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are therefore opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved. We favor all measures designed to maintain inviolable the obligations of the United States and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

ALL OF OUR SILVER AND PAPER CURRENCY MUST BE PRESERVED.

All our silver and paper currency must be maintained inviolable the obligations of the United States and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

See Winside Tribune, Minden Gazette, Hebron Republican and in fact most any republican paper which has published the platform or used Mark Hanna's supplement.

Now that the republican speakers are telling their hearers that the tariff is not responsible for the present hard times, the question naturally arises, have they been lying for the past four years or are they doing the Annanias act now? Webster says it wasn't the tariff but the money question; Thurston said at Madison, Wis., same time ago that the money question would be settled in forty days. In fact the republican managers have been trying hard to ignore the very thing that Webster says is the cause of all the hard times and misery that has existed in this country during the past four years, by forcing the tariff to the front. There is no doubt but what the cry of "Protection and Prosperity" has a patriotic ring which will cover a multitude of sins and short-comings, but even that cannot obliterate the fact that the factories were shut down because we were in the throes of a banker's panic, brought about by the Wall street syndicate to compel the repeal of the Sherman law, and they were unable to borrow money to run on. American industries invariably take a back seat when the money monopolists want legislation which will put millions into their pockets.

all our paper obligations, about \$850,000,000, are now trying to distort their platform so that it will declare in favor of maintaining this kind of currency. It is evident that they are trying to pull the wool over somebody's eyes. Is it yours?

Here is a little the worst roast we ever heard of "mortal man" getting through a newspaper: "Major McKinley's letter of acceptance is generally conceded to be as able a production of the kind as ever came from the pen of mortal man. It should be read and re-read carefully and then clipped and filed for future reference. It is a valuable document and abounds in facts so plainly put that anyone can readily understand them."

Stanton Pickett: If the populists—that is what is left of them—of this congressional district still object to voting for lawyers they should vote for Ross L. Hammond for congress. He's all right.

The populists will vote with the "paupers," and you can paste it in your slipper that the latter won't vote for Ross L. Hammond.

Thos. Rawlings, of Wakefield, is the combination candidate for regent of the state university. Mr. Rawlings is a Kentuckian by birth and one of Wakefield's best business men, a good citizen and a winner.

Vice-President Stevenson will take the stamp for Bryan and silver.

Have you yellow democrats heard from Arkansas.

The political party that will change, alter or distort its platform between the day of its adoption and the day of election is wholly unworthy of the confidence of the voters. The republican party having got in bed with the New York banking syndicate, which claims the only way to maintain our currency inviolably, is to call in and cancel

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTICE: I will be in my office at the court house every Monday and Saturday. Examinations the third Saturday of every month and the Friday preceding. Myra D. Fletcher, County Supt.

DR. C. NIEMAN, HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon.

Treatment of galvanic and foradic electricity and oxygen in chronic cases. All calls promptly attended. Consultation in English and German.

H. C. LEISENRING, M. D. Physician and Surgeon, WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Office over Hughes & Locke's store. Local surgeon for the C. St. P. M. & O. and Union Pacific Railways.

BRITTON & RILEY, Attorneys at Law, WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

ANSON A. WELCH, Attorney at Law, WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Will practice in all courts, Office over Citizens' Bank.

HUGH O'CONNELL'S Pool and Billiard Hall, In Boyd Annex.

A. B. CHARDE Attorney at Law, Real Estate Agent, WAYNE NEB.

All Business Care fully attended To

A. L. TUCKER, President, E. D. MITCHELL, Vice Pres., D. C. MAIN, Cashier.

CITIZENS' BANK, WAYNE, NEBRASKA. Capital Stock \$75,000. SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$25,000.

Drafts on all Foreign Countries. Agents for Grand line Steamship tickets.

AUG. SCHWAERZEL, Shoemaker. Does repairing of Boots and Shoes with neatness and dispatch, at reasonable prices. FINE WORK A SPECIALTY. Shop on west side lower Main Street opposite Phillips & Son's Lumber Yard.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN EXPELLER. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

THE NEW GULF ROAD

Great many people are looking for homes. Remember, it is at the south, attracting more people than any other country, because it is a rich and inviting field, both for the poor and rich, as it offers homes to the homeless and safe and profitable investments to the capitalist. No where are there more opportunities than along the

NEW Karas City, Pittsburg & Gulf Railroad now building on an air line from Kansas City to Fort Arthur, the new Deep-water, Gulf Coast City. This road has opened up 800 miles of new

COUNTRY

Comprising the finest farming and fruit country in Southwest Missouri and North west Arkansas; peach, strawberry and cotton lands in central and Southern Arkansas; and Rice, sugar cane, orange and semi-tropical fruit lands in Southern Louisiana and Texas. The road penetrates vast forests and rich mineral fields and opens up to settlement millions of acres of wild and Government lands in a country possessing a mild, healthy climate, pure springs and running streams, and which is free from droughts, blizzards, severe winters, and where a great variety of crops can be grown. An eight page paper, illustrated pamphlets, giving valuable information to homeseekers and investors will be mailed free by address.

F. A. HORNBECK, LAND COMMISSIONER, in a pamphlet and outline.

TRIBUNE: Complete Telegraph Service. Best Market Reports. A Clean Editorial Page. For terms and clubbing rates Address THE DEMOCRAT, WAYNE, NEB.

THE CHICAGO CHRONICLE

THE GREAT DEMOCRATIC DAILY of the Northwest.

Will be sent postpaid to any address six days a week for one year for

FOUR DOLLARS.

The Chronicle is the most conspicuous newspaper success of the day, the daily circulation exceeding 75,000 copies and the Sunday circulation exceeding 100,000 copies. It is a first-class newspaper of 12 and 16 pages (Sunday 40 to 48 pages) and is a staunch supporter of sound democratic principles.

TERMS.
 Daily (except Sunday) 1 year \$4.00
 Daily and Sunday, 1 year 6.00
 Daily, 6 months (campaign edition) 2.00
 Daily and Sunday, 6 months 3.00
 Daily, 2 months 1.00
 Daily and Sunday, 2 months 1.40
 Daily, 1 month50
 Daily and Sunday, 1 month75
 Sunday, 1 year 2.00
 Saturday, 1 year 1.00

Sample copies free on application. Address

THE CHICAGO CHRONICLE,
 164-166 Washington St.,
 Chicago, Ill.



Hogs for Sale.
 Come and see my spring pigs, By far the Best I have ever raised. All from old sows and old boars. Large litters; an average of 8 from 20 sows. W. J. White.

1 mile west and 2 1/2 miles south of Wayne.

I have removed my stock of drugs and medicines to the

West Side Pharmacy

where I have the largest stock of drugs and druggist's sundries in Northeast Nebraska.

Call when in need of anything in this line. Also remember I have

the largest stock of wall paper in the city, in which can be found some elegant patterns.

Phil H. Kohl.

"THURSTON ON SILVER."
 One million copies advertised and circulated from Maine to Alaska. Agents wanted everywhere to sell this powerful pamphlet in favor of free coinage as idealized by the chairman of the late republican national convention. It contains 10 pages. Copies by mail 7c. W. B. CROFTIE, PUBLISHER, Lincoln, Neb.

Palace Livery & Feed Stable
 ELIJAH S. PROPRIETOR
 Good Single and Double Rigs Furnished at Reasonable Rates.
 SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COMMERCIAL MEN.
 Agent for Hartman & Co's U.S. Standard Scales

Railway Time-table.
 EAST. C. ST. P. M. & O. W. ST.
 HON JOHN L. WEBSTER.

The speaker's remarks last night, entitled them in from all available points, and after a fine parade, Hon. John L. Webster was presented to one of the biggest crowds that has ever been jammed into the opera house. Two good bands and the orchestra furnished excellent music, and it was, with exception of the speaker, a very creditable showing. Mr. Webster opened his remarks by referring to the great conquests in Vermont, and then paid his respects to the "intelligent people living west of the Mississippi river." "That the truths and facts were all on the side of the republican party," but forgot to say that the expounders of these "truths and facts" were a conglomerated mass of deception and contradiction, and that formerly they were advocating "dishonesty and corruption of state." The crowd, here becoming rather torpid, the speaker told that funny story about Noah's wife, which was printed in last week's Democrat, and when the people saw the gals on Webster—they laughed uproariously. After a half hour's rambling talk that would disgrace a street raker, he hit into his subject, and aside from the great glory with which he adorned the republican party, made what might be termed a very good speech for a Democrat, in so much as he described the panic of '55, and the subsequent hard times, all due to the market shift of the laws enacted under republican administrations. It was evidently a set speech from beginning to end, and might just as well have been delivered by a dozen or two of phonographs throughout the country. The customary ridicule of Bryan, and the goal and red shirt story, were all rehearsed, and taken with evident relish by the big crowd, which was out for a good time, and would have had it, had they been addressed by a yellow dog clothed in a single standard robe of golden rags and rags. The free silver people were delighted over the speech and so far, we have been unable to get an opinion of it from our goldbug neighbors.

Brighter Than Gold.
 Waterbury Herald: Who said that John Sherman was a poor financier? It takes a genius to save \$2,000,000 in a year for twenty-five years. John has done it, however, and we suppose he thinks it is nobody's business but his own.

World-Herald: Appearances would seem to indicate that W. C. P. Breckinridge is trying to get the democratic party into a lark.

Milwaukee News: Dishonorable W. C. P. Breckinridge of Madeline Polk fame, is one of the shining lights of the demure convention at Indianapolis. He is probably afraid that he will have to pay Madeline in "50-cent" silver dollars, the amount that the law has decided he owes her, but which he has so far refused to pay.

World-Herald: Referring to the presidential nominee Candidate Hammond remarked that men, not boys, were needed in office. This was a snipal Bryan, but the voters of the Third take it as a recommendation of Judge Maxwell. Mr. Hammond is not so old as Mr. Bryan.

COLLEGE NOTES.

The first term of the Normal College opened last week with the largest enrollment in its history for the first term of the year.

The Conservatory Department is fast filling up; five students entered the department this week and three others have engaged hours for next week.

Miss Nellie Stuart, the new music teacher is more than meeting the expectations of all who have met her. She is an excellent musician and splendid teacher.

Miss Emma Kintworth has charge of the German classes. She is a graduate from the schools of Germany and a teacher of experience. She has made a very favorable impression with the students.

Miss Lillie Head is giving instruction in Shorthand and Typewriting as well as assisting with the correspondence of the College.

A number of students have enrolled from South Dakota, Iowa and Colorado are also represented by students.

A social will be given on tomorrow evening, and as usual former students are cordially invited to attend and become acquainted with those now attending.

We hear many favorable comments concerning the music rendered by Miss Stewart at the Literary on last Friday evening. She is a beautiful singer as well as pianist.

The Crescent Literary Society gives the program tonight. The exercises begin promptly at 8 o'clock.

A large number of students have entered the teachers' course and will remain the entire year.

Present prospects indicate a very large attendance this fall and winter. Many former students will return to spend a few months. Two prayer meetings are held on Thursday evenings; one for the young women and for the young men.

Miss Anna Byrne who has been teaching in the college from its organization is taking a vacation this term; she will return at the opening of next term.

Not the Kind of Prosperity People are Looking for this Year.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT: Mr. Swartz has seen proper to criticize in the columns of the Republican some of the statements made in my speech at Carroll. An honest discussion is what the silver cause desires, so let us see what there is to Mr. S's statements. In the first place he says I showed some charts showing the amount of products necessary to pay the national debt in 1890 and now. Yes, I showed such a one that no Republican has yet attempted to answer. In order to impress it more on the minds of the readers of The Democrat, let us repeat this object lesson. In 1890, 1,000,000,000 bushels of wheat would have paid the entire national debt, which at that time was at, or near, high water mark. Between the years 1863 and 1890, we have paid, measured in wheat:

On principal	1,790,400,000 bu.
On interest	2,233,228,000 "
As premiums	62,770,000 "
Total paid up to 1890	4,086,398,000 bu.
And it would have taken to have paid the balance of debt in 1890	1,998,269,084 bu.
	6,084,667,084 bu.

These figures show the condition of the country previous to Cleveland's last administration. Add to the above the amount of wheat necessary to pay the additional interest, premiums and bonds (\$20,000,000), and it would take over 1,000,000,000 bushels more to pay the debt at present. Measured in other products, such as beef, pork, oats, corn, cotton and wool we reach practically the same results, and the question with the wrong producer is: does he want four more years of the gold cure, administered by McKinley instead of Cleveland?

So far as a decline in prices in the fifties is concerned, it is true there was a decline in 1855 and '56, caused by the panic of '57, and the demonetization of gold in some of the European countries at that time. But the general range of prices from 1850 to 1860 were of the rising rather than of the falling tendency. I quote from Dr. Searles's tables to show this. The table takes as its basis the general average price of one hundred leading articles of commerce for a period of nearly forty years, they are based upon the general range of gold prices between 1847 and 1850 and calling that range 100; the prices for 1850 to 1860 are as follows:

1851	109.21
1852	101.69
1853	113.69
1854	124.25
1855	133.27
1856	130.11
1857	113.92
1858	116.34
1859	120.28

Hence we see that the above period was one of general increase in price of products. A continuation of the above table shows there was a general rise in prices of products until 1873, when the price was 138.28 and from 1873 to 1889 there was a general decline, the average price of products that year being 102.7, thus clearly showing that since the demonetization of silver in 1873, prices have been continually falling. As to the statement that from 1870 to 1889 the value of money fell 46 per cent and commodities were high according to Prof. Devons, "that is true, but you must remember that Europe was one vast military camp during that period and most of the producers were in the army, hence the high prices for commodities. The fact, also, that the governments were unwise during that period accounts for the fall in the prices of money. As to the statement in regard to the fall in prices of wheat being due to the competition of other countries, let me call his attention to the fact that the World's production of wheat has been growing less and less for several years, and yet the price continues to decline.

Now as to the statement that silver production has been the cause of the decline in price, that is all bosh! For 25 years, from 1845 to 1870 the silver production of the world in ounce value, was from two and a half, to three times that of gold, yet during all that time their value was never as far apart as 10 to 1, and in recent years the silver and gold output are about the same.

An investigation into the facts will convince any fair minded man that conditions that increase our tenant farmers 600,000 in numbers from 1860 to 1890 is not the kind of prosperity people are looking for this year. JAMES BRITTON.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a chattel mortgage given by D. Hennessy to S. J. Richards on the 14th day of April, 1890, to secure the sum of fifteen dollars on a note bearing even date therewith, which mortgage was duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Wayne county, Neb., default having been made in the payment thereof, and no suit or other action at law having been instituted to recover said sum, or any part thereof, I will sell the following property, taken under said mortgage at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, on the public streets of the city of Wayne, on Friday, the 2d day of October, at 1 o'clock, in the afternoon, to satisfy said sum of fifteen dollars and interest thereon from April 14, 1890, viz: One Roan Pony weight 850 lbs., and one set double harness. Dated at Wayne this 10th day of September, 1890. S. H. RICHARDS, Mortgagee.

There was a light frost last night.

Harrington at Wakefield Sept. 19th.

Editor Carroll of Winside is in the city.

Frank Strahan was a passenger for Hartington this morning.

New Fall Millinery Coming in at MISS WILKINSON'S.

Mrs. A. B. Clark and Mrs. Phin Ellis went to Sioux City this morning.

Fresh Fruits and Choice Vegetables SULLIVAN BROS.

Wayne County Veterans' picnic next Tuesday.

Mrs. VanDyke Wight has been very sick the past week.

Fred Woolston is teaching a "descriptive skule" in Plum Creek.

Rev. Wight went down to Wakefield yesterday in search of a domestic.

Walt Gaebler of Winside paid this office a pleasant visit Wednesday.

Rollie Ley will leave next Monday for the state university at Lincoln.

Silverites are no longer a curiosity in New York. Do ye moind, Meester Mitchell?

A. H. Carter of Winside was nominated at Stanton last Saturday for representative.

The Democrat man knows where there is over \$600 to bet that Bryan wins in Nebraska.

Housekeepers will find the best and cheapest fruit jars and jelly glasses at SULLIVAN BROS.

F. M. Skeen has his new domicile completed and it is a very comfortable and commodious residence.

If you drink the best coffee to be had in the market, buy Sherman Bro's. It is excellent. SULLIVAN BROS.

Ex-public printer, under President Harrison, Frank Palmer of Chicago, will speak to the goldbugs of Wayne Sept. 28th.

Harrington & Robbins have just received and checked up their fall stock of Clothing.

Grocer Ingalls says the coffee trust is being done up brown, and we'll soon be able to buy good coffee for 15 cents a pound.

The announcement on first page of M. F. Harrington's speech at Wakefield should have been printed to read Saturday of next week.

Owing to the disagreeableness of the weather yesterday, the Wayne County Veterans' picnic was postponed to next Tuesday, Sept. 15th.

The search party last evening was a huge success. The young people found themselves at Mr. Theobald's residence where a good time was had.

The Young Men's Bryan Club meets at the court house tomorrow evening and extends a cordial invitation to all ladies and gentlemen to come out to their meeting. Pres. Pile will deliver a speech and the Glee Club will sing some new songs.

Landlord Bean informs The Democrat that the traveling men speak very highly of the Uncle Tom show that is coming to Wayne, and that it carries about thirty people. The fellow that showed at Humphrey must have been Uncle Falstaff.

Because a voter "flops" is no indication that he must necessarily be weak-minded and "a fit subject for the asylum." Life in this world is a continual round of flops flaps and flutters, and the man with the lumber limbs and well-oiled joints, is the chap who always takes first money.

The Democrat begs pardon of the Republican, but the item in our issue of last week did not state that there were 70 members of the Bryan club of Sherman, all living within its sacred precincts. These fellows who are always yelling "stop thief" are the very ones that will bear the closest watching.

Winside Tribune: Mrs. Sonneken and children of Wayne, are visiting Mrs. S' parents, Wm. Zuts, of Hoskins. . . . On last Thursday morning M. S. Linn, of Carroll, received the sad news of his brother's death at Central City, Colo. He left Friday morning for that place. His brother was a minister of the M. E. church of that place.

Pat Garvey of Hartington put up a \$100 wager yesterday on Bryan carrying this state; a half dozen Wayne sports covering his money. The boys are probably not onto the deal. The scheme is to make a few bets like the above; challenge them when they go to the polls, and thus obliterate the entire republican vote in Wayne county; It could easily be done; ha! ha!

People living in a city the size of Wayne should not be too quick to take offense at any little item that appears in the weekly papers during a campaign like the present one. The Democrat, while doing all it can for the party we sincerely consider in the right, will endeavor to be fair and reasonable. It is not the intention to willfully misrepresent nor abuse any individual nor party of individuals of the opposition, though we shall pound out a victory for silver, in Wayne county, if it takes a lung.

We have a handsome line of Fall and Winter Overcoats in black melton at \$6.00 to \$10.00 HARRINGTON & ROBBINS.

For sixty cents we will send you The Democrat until Jan. 1st and the Sioux City Tribune for one year.

Heart Trouble Quickly Cured.
 A Convincing Testimonial.



MISS ELLA KURTZ.
 "For 10 years I suffered from heart trouble. During that time I was treated by five different physicians. All of them claimed that I could not be cured. I was greatly troubled with shortness of breath, palpitation and pain in the side. If I became excited, or exerted myself in the least, the pain in my side became very severe. At times it seemed as though needles were shooting through my side. Sometime in the month of November last, I commenced taking DR. MILES' HEART CURE and since then I have improved steadily. I can now sleep on my left side, something I had never been able to do before. I can walk without being fatigued, and am in much better health than ever before. I would recommend all sufferers from heart trouble to try Dr. Miles' invaluable remedy without delay." MISS ELLA KURTZ.
 312 Wright St., Milwaukee, Wis.
 Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at 25¢ a bottle, or it will be sent prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.



Ben Hur Bicycles
"BETTER THAN EVER."
 FOUR ELEGANT MODELS.
 \$85.00 AND \$100.00.
 ART CATALOGUE FREE.
CENTRAL CYCLE MFG. CO.,
 No. 72 Garden Street. Indianapolis, Ind.

PABST SALOON.
KRUGER & MILDNER, Proprs.
 Cigars,

Fine Wines and Liquors.
Ah There! McKinley.

Stay there Bryan!

But if its Furniture you Want

Go to the New Store of
CHARLES WATSON.
BIG, BRAND NEW STOCK.
BRESSLER BLOCK. WAYNE, NEB.

Craven
 The Wayne Photographer
 makes the finest finished
CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS
 of any artist in Northeastern Nebraska at reasonable prices.

Special Attention Given to Children.
 All work guaranteed to be First-Class in Every Respect.
 GALLERY OVER POSTOFFICE WAYNE, NEBRASKA

CITY BAKERY,
AUG. PIEPENSTOCK, PRO.
 Bread, Pies, Cakes, Confectioneries,
 and Fancy Groceries, Etc.

STATE BANK OF WAYNE
PAID-UP CAPITAL \$75,000.
 Transacts a General Banking Business.
 The only Bank in the County whose stock is all held at home.
 on Time Deposits.
 J. W. Jones. C. A. Chace,
 President. Vice Pres.

Cryotase is the name of a new substance discovered by a German chemist. It is a remarkable compound substance and has some curious properties...

Cincinnati has consolidated her street car lines and claims that she is going to have the finest street railway system in the world.

The great advance that has taken place in the methods of light house illumination is strikingly shown in a comparison of Smeaton's light of 1759 with the present installation.

Glass houses of a very substantial kind can now be built. Silesian glass-makers are turning out glass bricks for all sorts of building purposes...

It is intended shortly to make some important experiments at Aldershot in dropping explosives of various kinds from balloons.

A Georgia man who lives in Cochran catches alligators in a novel way. He ties a rope around his foot and lets a man stand on the bank and hold the rope while he goes down into the gator's hole...

Russia is probably the only country in which active measures are taken to suppress all Masonic meetings. In Austria a decree issued by Francis II, closing all lodges, has never been repealed.

Rifle bullets are now photographed in their course by means of the electric spark. The camera is taken into a dark room, which the bullet is caused to traverse.

A gray wolf was killed recently at Cave Hills, Wyoming. The creature is said to have measured 5 feet 8 inches from the tip of the nose to the root of the tail...

Illinois is the next state to Pennsylvania in the production of coal. The mines are in the southern part of the state and employ 35,000 men.

The following are said by a Swiss hunter to have been found near the nest of an eagle he recently discovered in the Alps: A hare, 27 centimeters; four pigeons; 30 pheasants; 11 heads of fowls; 18 heads of grouse...

There is a belief current in all parts of India that a certain snake called sheeh nag, when it attains the age of 1,000 years, has a precious jewel formed in its head.

Although a dread of water is instinctive in cats, a lady living near the Thames has a cat which frequently swims across the river to a spot which is infested with rats.

In the public schools of Japan the English language is required to be taught by law. The brightest and most ambitious of the young men in the open ports and commercial cities of Japan are all eager to learn English as a passport to wealth, position and employment.

Housemen who have interested themselves in an effort to have the roads of Louisiana improved have been distributing placards reading 'I want good roads' which are to be placed on horse-drawn signs and are to be seen on the roads of Louisiana.

Housewives are becoming so fond of the possibility of spending their money in the most judicious manner that they are beginning to buy their goods in bulk.

BRYAN WARMLY WELCOMED

Formal Notification of Nomination by the National Silver Party.

Receives an Enthusiastic Reception Notified in State Capitol Grounds - Addresses a Large Audience.

Lincoln, Sept. 9.—Yesterday there was one continuous welcome by the people of Lincoln and this portion of the state to William J. Bryan, culminating last night in a great demonstration in honor of the formal notification of his nomination for the presidency by the national silver party.

From the time that Mr. Bryan reached this city at 11 o'clock yesterday morning until the tired crowds retired from the streets at a late hour last night there was parading galore through the streets of the capital by local and visiting campaign clubs; nearly all the brass bands in front. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and George A. Groot, chairman of the notification committee, rode together in the midst of the night parade.

It was 10:20 o'clock before Mr. Groot's long address was concluded. Mr. Bryan was immediately presented and made a short speech. He said: Mr. Groot, Chairman and Others, Members of the Notification Committee of the Silver Party: I beg to reply to this time without the formality of a letter.

My convictions upon this subject are not shallow conviction. I may be in error—none of us can claim infallibility—but I believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy against the human race. (Great applause.) I would no sooner join the ranks of those whose purpose it is to fasten that upon the American people than to enlist in an army that was marching to attack my home and destroy my family.

My friends, when I declared that I would not support a gold standard candidate, I was standing upon the record of the democratic party. I was defending its principles as well as the interests of the country at large.

During all of Grover Cleveland's years at the head of the government he was dishonoring one of our precious metals, one of our own great products, debasing silver and enhancing the price of gold.

Spain Sends Troops. Barcelona, Sept. 9.—Fifteen hundred troops embarked on board the steamer Montserrat for the Philippine islands today.

BRYAN'S FORMAL LETTER

The Chicago Platform Is Entirely Satisfactory.

He Discusses the Issues in His Usual Interesting Manner—A Document That Will Satisfy His Supporters.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 9.—Mr. Bryan today made public his letter accepting the democratic nomination. Its full text is as follows:

Hon. Stephen M. White and Others, Members of the Notification Committee of the Democratic National Convention: Gentlemen—I accept the nomination tendered by you on behalf of the democratic party, and in so doing desire to assure you that I fully appreciate the high honor which such a nomination confers and the grave responsibilities which accompany an election to the presidency of the United States.

In Defense of Bolting.

To show you that the action of the republicans is defended by experience and example, let me carry you back to the period just preceding the war. If you will turn to a book recently published, entitled "John Sherman's Recollections," (daughter) you will find on page 442 of the first volume a portion of a speech which he delivered in congress in 1856.

There was the distinguished senator from Ohio asserting to the people of this country upon the floor of congress that he was willing to accept compromise after compromise, but that the time had at last come when he could go with them no longer.

My friends all, I would support the democratic nominee if he were a gold standard advocate running upon a gold standard platform. I never believed that such action was probable in the democratic party, but when those who questioned me were not content with probabilities and asked again whether, in that event, I would support the nominee, I said, as you will remember, that under no circumstances would my vote be given to a man who would, in the executive office, use his influence to fasten the gold standard upon the American people.

Greatest Trust Ever Known.

The chairman of the notification committee has told you that we have to meet today a great money trust. He is right. We are confronted today by the most gigantic trust that has ever been formed among men.

Allen Six Has a Half Dozen All Alive and Well. Fort Scott, Kas., Sept. 9.—Mrs. Grace Six, who claims to be the sixth living wife of Allen Six, well known in southwest Missouri and southeast Kansas, arrived here today after a drive of thirty-three miles, and caused the arrest of her husband on the charge of bigamy.

ABUNDANCE OF WIVES.

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Indorsees the Platform.

I have carefully considered the platform adopted by the democratic national convention and unqualifiedly indorse every plank thereof.

A democratic form of government is conducive to the highest civilization because it opens before each individual the greatest opportunities for development and stimulates to the highest endeavor by insuring to each the full enjoyment of the rewards of toil except such contribution as is necessary to support the government which protects him.

The Monroe Doctrine.

A dignified but firm maintenance of the foreign policy, first set forth by President Monroe, and reiterated by the presidents who have succeeded him, instead of arousing hostility abroad, is the best guarantee of amicable relations with other nations.

On Pensions.

No nation can afford to be unjust to its defenders. The care of those who have suffered in the military and naval service of the country is a sacred duty. A nation which, like the United States, relies on volunteer service rather than upon a large standing army, adds to its own security when it makes generous provision for those who have risked their lives in its defense.

The Producers of Wealth.

Labor creates capital. Until wealth is produced by the application of brain and muscle to the resources of this country there is nothing to divide among the non-producing classes of society.

Arbitration.

I desire to give special emphasis to the plank which recommends such legislation as is necessary to secure the arbitration of differences between employers and employees.

Pacific Railroads.

The government cannot afford to discriminate between its debtors, and must, therefore, prosecute its legal claims against the Pacific railroads.

The Civil Service.

That the American people are not in favor of life tenure in the civil service, is evident from the fact that they as a rule make frequent changes in their official representatives when those representatives are chosen to office.

National Bank Currency.

The position taken by the platform against the issue of paper money by national banks is supported by the highest democratic authority, as well as demanded by the interests of the people.

The Tariff.

It is not necessary to discuss the tariff question in detail, for it is evident that the individual views of citizens as to the relative merits of protection and tariff reform, all must recognize that until the money question is finally settled, the tariff is a secondary issue.

Enforcement of Laws.

Honest differences of opinion have ever existed and ever will exist to the most effective means to secure domestic tranquility, but no citizen fails to recognize at all times and under all circumstances the absolute necessity for the prompt and vigorous enforcement of law and the preservation of the public peace.

Immigration.

While the democratic party welcomes to the country those who come with love for our institutions and with the determination and ability to contribute to the strength and greatness of our nation, it is opposed to the dumping of criminal classes upon our shores and the importation of pauper and contract labor to compete with American labor.

Injunctions.

The recent abuses which have grown out of injunction proceedings have been so flagrant and so oppressive that public opinion has been provoked to demand that the senate bill providing for trial by jury in certain contempt cases will meet with general approval.

Trusts.

The democratic party is opposed to trusts. It would be recreant to its duty to the people of the country if it recognized either the moral or the legal right of these aggregations of wealth to stifle competition, bankrupt rivals and then prey upon society.

Railroads.

The right of the United States government to regulate interstate commerce cannot be questioned and the necessity for the vigorous exercise of that right is becoming more and more imperative.

Pacific Railroads.

The government cannot afford to discriminate between its debtors, and must, therefore, prosecute its legal claims against the Pacific railroads.

The Civil Service.

That the American people are not in favor of life tenure in the civil service, is evident from the fact that they as a rule make frequent changes in their official representatives when those representatives are chosen to office.

National Bank Currency.

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OMAHA BRINGS A TEST CASE

Contents That a City Franchise Cannot Be Transferred.

The Municipality Protests Against the Water Company Privilege Passing Into the Hands of a New Company.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 4.—Can ownership of a municipal franchise be transferred from one company to another without the consent of the city originally granting such franchise?

This question is being contested by the city government of Omaha in the federal courts. When a New York loan and trust company recently foreclosed its mortgage upon the property of the American waterworks here the city put in an appearance and protested against the right of the federal court to make an order for the transfer of the franchise. The court granted a conditional order, however, and the transfer was made, whereupon the company was reorganized and is now styled the Omaha Water company. Since that time the city attorney has declared that the city is not compelled to pay the water rents and thus tacitly admit that the present owners of the plant have rights which a franchise vouchsafes. Manager Bierbower made application to the board of public works for permits to open the streets for purposes of making repairs. Chairman Monro asked the city attorney for an opinion as to the duty of the board in the premises and received the following reply:

"In response to your written inquiry this day I would state that the so-called Omaha Waterworks company has no franchise from the city of Omaha and has no right or authority for a permit and ought not to be in any manner recognized by the city as having any right of authority to interfere with any of the public streets of the city."

Manager Bierbower says that the federal court transferred the franchise to the present company, which will hold the city responsible for any consequences of the attorney's action. Mr. Bierbower is not very much alarmed over the situation, no doubt believing that the federal court will sustain the contention of his company that the franchise goes with the plant. The contention of the city is that the voters awarded a franchise to a certain company and not to the Omaha Water company. The question is of great importance to Omaha and it may reach the federal supreme court.

City Engineer Howell submitted to the board of public works the regular quarterly blue print statement showing the condition of all asphalt pavement in the city, and also a special report on the condition of all pavement which is still under guarantee. It shows some brick pavement in bad condition, which will be ordered resurfaced before the guaranty on it expires.

There are three asphalt plants in the city, and competition by paving contractors is very active. It is the sentiment of this community that asphalt is the most desirable material for paving residence streets, and the wretched condition of wooden block pavement makes it necessary to repave many streets next year. There is some talk of macadamizing the street from the smelter with granite ship surface, which costs about \$1 a yard.

One of the most important subjects affecting city government is that embodied in a proposed amendment to the state constitution, which will authorize a consolidation of county and city governments. The full text of the proposed amendment is as follows:

City and County Consolidation.

"A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the state of Nebraska by adding a new section to article 12 of said constitution, to be numbered section 2, relative to the merging of the government of cities of the metropolitan class and the government of the counties wherein such cities are located.

"Be it resolved and enacted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska:

"Section 1. That article 12 of the constitution of the state of Nebraska be amended by adding to said article a new section, to be numbered section 2, to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. The government of any city of the metropolitan class and the government of the county in which it is located may be merged, wholly or in part, when a proposition so to do has been submitted by authority of law to the voters of such city and county and received the assent of a majority of the votes cast in such city and also a majority of the votes cast in the county, exclusive of those cast in such metropolitan city at such election."

This city and county maintain very costly machinery of government, and there is a growing sentiment favorable to merging them into one, thus reducing the expense and in a measure centralizing power.

CANDIDATE BRYAN'S NIECE.

Miss Laura Millson and John L. Martin of Salem, Ill., Elope.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 4.—Miss Laura Millson of Salem, Ill., a niece of William Jennings Bryan, was married in Jeffersonville by Magistrate House. The groom was John L. Martin, also of Salem. The young woman started for Louisville, ostensibly on a visit to friends. Her sweetheart accompanied her, and on their arrival they were immediately to Jeffersonville, where matrimony is made easy. An elopement was rendered necessary on account of the opposition of Mrs. Millson, who is a sister of Mr. Bryan. Mr. Martin is a furniture dealer and grandson of General John L. Martin. They will return to Salem after a brief visit to Louisville.

Grout Has 37,239 Majority.

White River Junction, Vt., Sept. 4.—Returns from all but three cities and towns in the state give the following vote for governor: Grout, republican, 33,720; Jackson, democrat, 14,878; Battel, populist, 630; Whittemore, prohibitionist, 623.

Grout's plurality, 38,392; majority over all, 37,239.

The same cities and towns in 1892 gave Fuller, republican, a majority over all of 17,890.

FULL OF WRATH.

Bishop Arnett's Daughter Ejected From a Sleeping Car.

Muncie, Ind., Sept. 9.—Bishop Arnett of Wilberforce university, before leaving Muncie for Moline, Ill., to attend the state convention conference of the African Methodist Episcopal church, received a telegram which made him indignant. It was to the effect that his daughter, Mrs. W. J. Mason, and two small children had been ejected from a Pullman sleeping car on the Iron Mountain railroad, somewhere south of St. Louis, a route for Galveston, Tex. The bishop said his son-in-law had purchased an interstate ticket for his family from Xenia, O., to Galveston in Pullman cars, and that in ejecting them a violation of the interstate law had been made and someone would have to settle a big damage suit. Prof. Mason is the principal in mathematics in the Galveston high school. Bishop Arnett left for Chicago and will go direct to the Pullman headquarters and start his investigation. The ejection was made on the line of color.

STICKNEY IS SLICK.

He Plans to Handle the Grain Business of the Southwest.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 9.—When before the interstate commerce commission some weeks ago President A. B. Stickney of the Great Western railway told the commission his road got the southwestern grain business because through the Iowa Development company and the Anglo-American Grain and Provision company it practically was a grain buyer, handling its own property.

The Dispatch says the full significance of this statement was not understood then, but was brought to light by the return from Europe of Ansell Oppenheim, who secured about \$7,000,000 for the development of Stickney's plans. These are to erect great elevators from the west to the seaboard.

The first is now under construction at Kansas City. One each at St. Joseph, Omaha, Leavenworth, Topeka and Minneapolis. Two large terminals at St. Paul, one at Buffalo and probably one at Liverpool. These corporations between buying and handling will largely control the grain and provision trade of the southwest.

A BANK FAILS.

The Union National of New Orleans Crippled by a Defaulter.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Comptroller Eckels was notified this morning that the Union National bank of New Orleans had closed. From October 31, 1895, to July 31, 1896, the date of its last report to the bureau, the banks liabilities to depositors had decreased from \$1,371,855 to \$404,027.

Aside from its capital stock and deposits on July 14, the bank had liabilities of \$147,890 to other banks, and miscellaneous accounts of \$29,555. Its total assets were \$1,889,027, of which \$84,839 were loans and discounts, \$12,000 overdrafts and \$145,000 stock and securities. Comptroller Eckels directed Bank Examiner Johnson to take charge of the failed institution and in a few minutes received a telegram from him saying that the president of the bank explained that the suspension was due to a defalcation. Neither the amount involved nor the name of the guilty official was given.

SERIOUS TROUBLE FEARED.

Dangerous Proportions Assumed by a Mine Strike Near Leadville.

Leadville, Col., Sept. 9.—The immense smelter, employing some 200 men, has been shut down, owing to the inability to procure sufficient orders to continue operations. The daily capacity is about 150 tons. The Bohn mine, from which several union men had been ordered, severed new men, and is rapidly pumping out water, so that it will be ready to take out ore in a few days unless further interfered with. Police are on guard day and night. Bodies of armed men continue to guard all roads leading to the camp, sending back all men who say they are coming here to work, and the trains and depots are carefully watched day and night. Serious trouble is looked for unless some kind of a settlement is reached soon.

SEWALL SAYS NO.

The Man From Maine Has No Idea of Withdrawing.

New York, Sept. 9.—A Herald special from Bath, Me., says: Arthur Sewall's reply to the attack upon him by Thomas Watson in his Labor day speech in Dallas, Tex., is a renewal of his former declaration that he will not withdraw from the ticket nominated at Chicago. Mr. Sewall was asked last night about the rumor that he is to withdraw, which was put in circulation again after Watson's attack upon him. In very positive language Mr. Sewall stated that there was absolutely no truth in the rumor.

TILLMAN'S MAN BEATEN.

Governor Evans Will Not Go to the United States Senate.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 9.—Sufficient returns are in this morning to show that Governor Evans has been beaten by General Earle for the senate. Allowing Evans two-thirds of the unreported vote and placing it at over 80,000, he cannot reduce Earle's majority below 30,000 at the lowest estimate. At 9 o'clock this morning a vote of 56,387-48 accounted for, of which Evans has 22,317 against Earle's 34,070. Earle's majority was 11,753.

Found Dead.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Frank Wray, confidential man of Lamson Bros., board of trade operators, and a prominent trader in the wheat pit, was found dead in bed at his home in Austin this morning. The room was full of gas, but whether the death was accidental or suicidal is not yet known.

Discredits the Story.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Acting Secretary Hamlin of the treasury department, who has just returned from a visit to Gray Gables, said this morning that he knew nothing about the alleged request of President Cleveland for Auditor Baldwin's resignation because the latter had espoused the cause of Bryan and free silver. Mr. Hamlin discredits the story, stating that neither from President Cleveland nor Secretary Carlisle had he received the slightest intimation that such a course was in contemplation.

Spaniards Discover a Big Plot.

Madrid, Sept. 8.—Official dispatches have been received from Manila stating that a plot has been discovered for the surrender to the insurgents of the fortified town of Cavita, in the island of Luzon in the Philippine Islands, while the garrison was engaged in a sortie. Spanish troops have relieved the garrison of San Indro in the province of Nueva Ecija, which was besieged by the insurgents.

Prightened Citizens.

Springfield, Ky., Sept. 8.—The citizens of this place are badly frightened over the threat of a mob to burn the town if any one attempts to arrest them. Two buildings have been burned. Business is practically suspended and armed men are patrolling the streets.

Failure at Griswold.

Atlantic, Ia., Sept. 8.—J. E. Thompson, proprietor of a general store in Griswold, failed yesterday. The liabilities are \$4,000, assets not known. This makes the second failure in this city within six months. Inability to collect outstanding claims is the cause.

HE DECIDED TO DIE

In Iowa Man Goes to the Great Beyond by the Morphine Route.

He Had Lost Both Wife and Employment and Was Willing to Run the Risk on the Other Side.

Minneapolis, Sept. 8.—After a struggle of 33 years with life Edward S. Briggs of Nevada, Ia., laid down the burdens, dying by his own hand, as the result of taking a heavy dose of morphine, with suicidal intent, leaving behind a roughly scrawled note, a portion of which reads: "I expect to live on without physical body, and be with friends, an—" here the writing stopped.

A protracted illness and trouble, resulting in a separation from his wife Minnie, is the only known cause. Briggs formerly resided at Emmetsburg, Ia., where he was a furniture dealer and undertaker. He and his wife separated last January, and a few weeks ago he returned to his old home at Nevada, Ia. Last Thursday Briggs arrived in Minneapolis and took a room with L. W. Miller, at 22 Twelfth street North. He said but little of himself. He was well liked by those with whom he became acquainted and seemed to be in the best of spirits. He retired Saturday night as usual, having declined an invitation to go out Sunday.

About 10 o'clock, Miller, the proprietor went to Briggs' room to wake him, but could get no answer from him. He secured a chair and looked over the room. Briggs lay on the bed, as though asleep, but Miller said he secured a neighbor, and then notified the police. Officer Peter Fox climbed over the transom, and at once seeing that something was wrong with Briggs, Drs. Orton and Weston were summoned. They, with a third physician, worked until 8 o'clock without success over the unconscious man. About 8 o'clock Briggs died.

An examination of the room showed two morphine boxes and a vial of morphine. Briggs' right hand was under his pillow, and in it was clasped a 32-caliber revolver. An examination of the roughly scrawled note, written across an old letter showed in another portion the words: "Lost my place again, and am going to shoot myself," which would indicate that Briggs had first contemplated suicide by the pistol route, but that he afterwards deemed morphine the easiest. On another part of the old letter was scribbled directions to the undertaker: "Don't bury me too soon and have undertaker embalm. Inject in arteries and extract blood." That was all.

Among other papers were found notices in Briggs' handwriting to the effect that his wife, Minnie, had left his bed and board without provocation, and he would not be responsible for her debts or support. There were also two old letters addressed to Mrs. E. S. Briggs which had never been mailed, and which, upon being opened, bore dates of last January. Also a letter to the father of the deceased. There were also drafts for various amounts and a check among the effects.

Deputy Coroner Nye made an examination of the remains, and took charge of the effects. An autopsy will be performed. The deceased has a cousin residing in this city, and his father was also telegraphed. The remains will be shipped to his old home at Nevada again.

HARDSHIP TO SETTLERS.

An Inaccurate Boundary Line Causes Much Trouble.

Niobrara, Neb., Sept. 8.—A mass meeting of settlers in the Ponca reservation strip in Knox county has been called for September 21 for the purpose of coming to some understanding as to what shall be done with their locations on home steads. This portion of the government survey was done in 1858-9, at the same time the Nebraska survey was made here, though that portion then was no a part of the state only as reservation and afterward went in as a portion of Dakota territory. When it was taken into Nebraska by Senator Saunders bill to straighten the northern boundary of the state it was first allotted to those Indians entitled to it according to the original survey. When settlers came in they were located on what was supposed to be the right corners, but complications have grown out of it which it was discovered that an eighty-rod jog has put other settlers on land not belonging to them, or rather setting those who made valuable improvements eighty rods west.

Senator Allen introduced a bill last session of congress to resurvey, but that does not meet with general satisfaction as those who have made valuable improvements do not feel like running the risk of a resurvey, since the government will, it appears, make no different arrangements in the location of the Indian allotments. The error is due to the survey across the Niobrara river at the time of the original survey, and the field notes and corners do not agree. The interior department has made various kinds of rulings, but what suits one faction displeases the other, and the matter is perplexing and the cause of much bad feeling among a very thrifty and worthy lot of settlers.

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THEY RODE TO DEATH.

A Tallyho Party Falls Over an Embankment Killing Six.

Wassaw, Ind., Sept. 9.—A frightful accident occurred yesterday afternoon to a coaching party of young people which started out from this city. When about five miles north of this city the horses took fright at some object in the road. They backed the rear wheels of the tallyho over an embankment and the people, horses and vehicle were rolled down a hillside in a mangled and bleeding mass. Six persons were killed. Their names are as follows:

James Fitzhugh, Frank Metzler, Mary Cumliffe, Francis Conn, Agnes West, Edward Smythe. The injured: James Holloway, fractured skull. May Morrell, broken ribs. Frank Donahue, driver, internal injuries. Victor Brice, broken leg.

The remainder of the party escaped with more or less painful bruises. One of the horses was killed in the fall. The remainder had to be shot.

NEIGHBORS SURPRISED.

The Failure of This Country to Send a Delegate to the Cause.

City of Mexico, Sept. 8.—Dominican Minister Senor Feunte Ruiz, dean of the diplomatic corps here, says he cannot understand why the United States was not represented at the recent Pan-American congress in this city, although it was invited. It is not, he said in an interview with a press correspondent, lack of interest in the great questions at issue that has dissuaded the conference, for the Central American countries are a unit as to the advisability of the discussion of such subjects as reciprocity, arbitration of all matters except imminent domain, to say nothing of the great paramount and overshadowing proposition of the Monroe doctrine. Another member of the conference, while expressing wonder that the United States had not been represented, gave it as his opinion that the American government wanted the conference to meet at Washington. There is great sympathy for Mexico throughout Latin-America on account of President Diaz's bold and advanced ground in the affirmation of the Monroe doctrine and its amplification.

THE ADVENTIST WINS.

Labor on Sunday Not Wrong Under the Sunday Law.

Mt. Vernon, Ill., Sept. 9.—An opinion just filed in the appellate court, Fourth district, in the case of Ross Foll, appellant, versus the people, etc., appellees, possesses features of interest to those who hold that the seventh day of the week should be observed as the Sabbath. The case was brought up on appeal from the Richland circuit court. Foll, who is a Seventh Day Adventist, was fined by a justice of the peace for plowing in his field while his neighbors were on the way to church on Sunday. He appealed to the circuit court, where he was again convicted and fined, from which judgment he went to the appellate court. That court holds that under the statute for violating which Foll was fined labor on Sunday is not of itself punishable. The offense that is punishable is the disturbance of the peace and of the good order of society. There was no proof of such disturbance, and for this reason the judgment was reversed, but not remanded.

VOORHEES IS FAILING.

His Friends Doubt His Ability to Engage in the Campaign.

Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 9.—Senator Voorhees is very ill and falling so rapidly that his friends fear he will be unable to take part in the campaign. The continued delay and doubt as to his purpose and physical ability to take part in the campaign is causing much private comment and conjecture in political circles. Ex-Congressman Lamb, who, perhaps, is better informed than any other person in this respect, says Voorhees will be here to open the campaign September 15, but no public announcement to that effect has been made. A month ago the senator was taken from Washington to Mackinaw in the belief that the change in climate would restore his health, which had been seriously impaired during the winter. With the exception of a few intimate friends here at his home, no one has authentic information as to the present condition of his health and nothing at all has been heard in a public way from him on the political issues of the campaign. It is the first time since before the war that Mr. Voorhees has not been leading in the Indiana campaign before this time of the year.

THREATENED TO USE DYNAMITE

Custodian of Silver's Funds Visited by a Desperate Crank.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 9.—There appeared in the papers today a story to the effect that Isaac N. Stevens, vice chairman of the national silver committee, had \$40,000 in his possession with which to prosecute the silver campaign. As a result, Thomas Jeffrey, a carpenter, called early in the day at the office of Mr. Stevens. He had a huge bundle under his arm, and said it contained dynamite for the purpose of blowing Mr. Stevens to the other world. He was asked to wait and then told a rambling story of how he had a dream of wealth, and that his spiritual guide directed him to call on the chairman of the silver party to replenish his fund. He declared he was determined to have the money and that nothing would balk him in his desire. The clerk asked him to wait and telephoned for the police, who came to the number of a dozen. Jeffrey offered resistance, but was no match for the force that overpowered him.

Sons of Veterans.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 8.—The main feature of the Sons of Veterans encampment today was the parade and review this morning. There were about 1,000 in line, escorted by the Louisville legion, and several uniformed secret societies. Commander-in-Chief Russell and his staff reviewed the column from a stand in front of the court house. Colonel Drendorf of New York, has withdrawn from the contest for commander-in-chief. This is said to insure the election of Colonel James L. Bake of Pennsylvania.

THIS IS LABOR'S HOLIDAY

A General Observance of the Day in the Cities.

Chicago's Crowd Is Greater Than Ever Before With William J. Bryan for the Attraction.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Not since the special act of congress was passed making today a legal holiday in the District of Columbia and the territories, has labor's pleasure day been so universally observed by all the workmen's organizations. All the great departments of the government were closed, all the trades were suspended and the whole city's population was given over to amusement seeking. Over 3,000 men participated in the parade.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Labor day was generally observed as a holiday in Chicago. The celebration was the biggest thing of the kind ever seen here. William J. Bryan, democratic candidate for president, being the star attraction. More than 40,000 men participated in the parade this morning. The procession formed on the lake front and marched through the principal streets, after which the laborites betook themselves to the picnic grounds on the outskirts of the city. The crowd which went to Sharpshooters park, where Bryan was to speak was enormous.

As early as 10 o'clock, Sharpshooters park began to fill up with men and women and by 12 every seat before the speaker's stand was taken by people who sat in the boiling sun for two hours to get a chance to hear the orator of the day.

New York, Sept. 7.—Today is the wage workers' Fourth of July, and throughout the United States labor organizations are celebrating their national holiday with parades, music and patriotic addresses. Dispatches from many sections say that the day is being more generally observed than in previous years.

St. Louis, Sept. 7.—Labor day was observed in the usual manner here today. The allied trades association held a joint parade at noon and marched to Concordia park to listen to speeches and witness athletic games.

GAVE HIM A HORSESHOE.

The Horseshoers of Chicago Give Bryan an Omen of Good Luck.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 7.—William J. Bryan returned to Chicago from Milwaukee this morning to address the big labor meeting at Sharpshooters park this afternoon. In company with ex-Governor Peck, he left Milwaukee at 7:15 o'clock on a fast train over the Northwestern and reached Chicago at 9:30.

The route was the same as that on which he made the journey to Milwaukee on Saturday and there were no demonstrations on the way. About a hundred people recognized and cheered Mr. Bryan at the Northwestern station here. The candidate and ex-Governor Peck jumped into a cab and were driven to the Auditorium Annex.

The horseshoers union were gathered in front of the Annex and a large crowd of spectators augmented its numbers to such an extent that Michigan avenue was filled with people. Mr. Bryan was cheered as he entered the hotel but the crowd had not seen enough of him. "Bryan! Bryan!" was the shout and after a few minutes the candidate appeared on the balcony. When the crowd was through cheering Mr. Bryan bowed and then quickly retired to democratic headquarters. The horseshoers had gathered in front of the Auditorium annex with a purpose. As soon as Mr. Bryan arrived they sent a delegation to him with a silver horseshoe as an evidence of support and an omen of good luck.

CHAMPION JAKE.

Gaudaur Beats Stansbury the Australian With Perfect Ease.

London, Sept. 7.—Jake Gaudaur of Toronto and James Stansbury of Australia measured blades this morning for the championship of the world. The match was rowed over the four-mile course from Putney to Mortlake, the same used by Oxford and Cambridge in their annual aquatic battle. Besides the sportsman's cup, a magnificent trophy that has changed hands ten times in as many years, a purse of \$2,500 was contingent on the event. This was Gaudaur's third visit to England. In 1886 he rowed Beach, the Australian, over the same course for the championship, but was defeated. Stansbury has held the world's championship since 1891, when he defeated John McLean on Parmentra river. Gaudaur tipped the scales this morning at 175 pounds and measured 6 feet 7 even, while Stansbury stood 6 1/2 feet and weighed down to 181 pounds. Gaudaur used for the first time his new clasp boat, built in Canada. It is of Mexican cedar, with patent counterwall, the slide being of vulcanite wheels with vulcanite runners. Without the clogs it weighs 26 pounds, with these dimensions: Length, 31 feet 4 inches; breadth, 11 inches; depth, 5 1/2 inches; height forward 3 inches, and aft 2 1/2 inches. The race was Gaudaur's from the start and he won easily by ten lengths.

Gaudaur's time was 23 minutes and 1 second and Stansbury's 23 minutes and 46 seconds.

Upon crossing the finish line Stansbury protested against Gaudaur being awarded the race, alleging that the latter had fouled him. His claim, however, was not allowed.

CLEVELAND'S CENTENNIAL.

Resumed Today With Noted Men in Historical Conference.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 7.—The centennial celebration, which has been in a quiet condition since the encampment of the Sons of Pythias, was resumed today in a historical conference, which will be in session for three days. It was called to order in the armory. Prof. Charles L. Thwing, P. D., of Western Reserve university, was selected as president, and the day was devoted to a consideration of the question of primary and secondary education. Prof. Hinsdale of the University of Michigan was one of the speakers. The centennial closes on Thursday with a great celebration on Perry's Victory day.

ENGINEER INGLES WAS QUIET

He Tells How He Killed the Robber on His Locomotive.

Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 8.—The body of the train robber who was shot by Engineer Ingles was found lying near the track. In his hand was a loaded pistol. The man's name is thought to be F. J. Morgan, and he probably came from San Francisco. Engineer Ingles, in speaking of his adventure, said:

"After passing Swingle station a man climbed over the tender and, looking over the coal board, commanded me to 'throw up my hands.' I could see from his attitude and his tone that he meant business, and I also got the impression that he was an old hand at the business. He told me to stop the train, which I did. As I stopped the train another masked man climbed up the bank and asked the train robber in the cab if everything was all right. The young fellow answered: 'Yes, all fixed.' The man on the engine then ordered me to pull the train up two lengths farther. He told my fireman to go back with the masked man, who had climbed up the bank and uncouple the express car from the rest of the train. Burns and the masked robber started back along the train. The conductor and brakeman came out on the platform of one of the cars to see where the train stopped. The masked robber shot at them twice with his revolver and with a string of oaths ordered them back into the train. "At the sound of the shooting the robber with me on the engine stepped to the side between the cab and tender and looked back. He turned his back to me. That was my opportunity, and I lost no time in taking advantage of it. I reached down into my locker, got my revolver and shot him in the back. I shot again and he pitched forward into the train. "As I stopped the train the robber who was guarding him jumped from the train when he heard the shooting, and the train commenced to move."

COMMANDER PATTIE WATKINS

The Head of the Volunteers to Wed Her Private Secretary.

New York, Sept. 8.—There is bustle and animation at the headquarters of the Volunteers of America this morning over the final arrangements for the wedding at Carnegie hall tonight of Miss Pattie Watkins, commanding the New York and New Jersey regiments of Ballington Booth's new army, and Frederick A. Lindsey, her private secretary. Three years ago the groom-elect, who held a responsible position in a big New York store, strolled into a Salvation Army meeting and was captivated by Pattie Watkins. Within a few days she had converted him, and he was a member of the army. Both of them decided when the Volunteers were organized. Commander Booth, assisted by Mrs. Booth, will officiate tonight, and as this is the first function of the kind to be held under the direction of the new organization, it will be attended by considerable eclat. The bride-elect is a Welsh woman, but her family, who are well up in the social scale, now live at Scranton, Pa. She is petite, with a remarkably graceful figure, a small oval face and large, lustrous eyes.

EMPLOYING PRINTERS.

A Goodly Attendance at the Annual Convention.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 8.—The annual convention of the United Typothetae of America was called to order this morning in the large hall of the Chamber of Commerce by Hon. E. R. Andrews of this city, the retiring national president. There was a large attendance of employing printers of the United States. Among them were Joseph J. Little of New York, Theodore L. DeVinne of the Century company, New York, W. B. Conkey of Chicago, G. M. Doucas of Galveston, Tex., J. Stearns Cushing of Boston, and Herbert L. Baker of Buffalo. The reports of the officers will show that, in the main, the members of the organization have maintained cordial relations with their employes during the past year. This afternoon there was a trolley party for the visiting ladies of the party, and tonight a reception will be tendered to the delegates at the art gallery.

THE MARKETS.

St. Louis City Live Stock.

St. Louis, Sept. 8.—St. Louis City Stock Yards—Hogs—Quotations: Heavy, \$2.85@3.15; mixed and light, \$2.75@3.00. Cattle—Quotations: Cows and heifers, \$1.25@3.00; bulls, \$1.50@2.50; veals, \$3.50@5.00; calves and yearlings, \$2.50@3.25; stockers and feeders, \$1.00@3.50.

South Omaha.

South Omaha, Sept. 8.—Hogs—Receipts, 1,000; official Saturday, 2,209; shipments, 366. Market weak. Quotations: Heavy, \$2.55@3.00; mixed and light, \$2.75@3.00. Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; official Saturday, 1,000; shipments, 300. Market steady. Sheep—Receipts, 2,500; official Saturday, 1,633; shipments, 198. Market lower.

Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—3:30 a. m.—Hogs—Receipts, 12,000. Market strong. Quotations: Heavy, \$3.00@3.25; mixed, \$2.85@3.15; light, \$3.15@3.45; rough heavy, \$2.45@2.65. Cattle—Receipts, 5,000. Market steady. Sheep—Receipts, 13,000. Market weak.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Sept. 8.—Hogs—Receipts, 2,200. Market strong. Quotations: Light and pigs, \$3.10@3.20; medium, \$2.95@3.05; heavy, \$2.80@2.95. Cattle—Receipts, 7,500. Market firm; quality poor. Quotations: Native steers, \$3.00@

HOOVER'S
SHORT ORDER HOUSE.
 Meals at all hours; Special attention paid to farmers.
GOOD WARM MEAL LUNCH.
 Prime, Fresh Oysters in any Style

JOHN S. LEWIS, JR.,
 MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
HARNESS.
 Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Blankets.
 COMBS, BRUSHES, ETC.
 Wayne, Neb. Pender, Neb.

City Meat Market,
J. H. GOLL, Proprietor.
 Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats.
 Highest market price paid for Hides
 Pelts and Furs.
 WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
 CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$90,000.
 DIRECTORS:
 J. M. Strahan, George Bogart, Frank M. Northrop, Frank Fuller
 John T. Bressler, Frank E. Strahan, H. F. Wiltse.

M. P. SAVIDGE,
 Tubular Well Sinker.
 Well Mills, Tanks, Pumps, Iron and
 Brass Fittings and Pipes and
 Well Supplies of all
 Kinds.
 WAYNE - NEBRASKA

SEPTEMBER 1st
ELI JONES,
 will receive a carload of
Fuller & Johnson Wagons
**SOME REASONS WHY OUR WAGON
 IS THE BEST.**
 All the materials are the best obtainable,
 Finest Indiana Hickory for Axles,
 Finest Second-Growth Spikes - - -
 Finest Yellow Poplar for Boxes,
 Best Timber Throughout, - - -
 Patent Sand Arrester Skains,
 Cut-Under Steel Rib Irons,
 Adjustable Tongue Springs,
 Steel Front Houns, - - -
 Patent Hinge End Gate and
 Screeing Board Combined.
**A First-Class Wagon Complete in Every Detail,
 FULLY WARRANTED.**

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET
FRED VOLPP, PROP.
 Fresh and Cured Meats

**A PROTECTION TO EVERY
 AMERICAN INDUSTRY.**
 The following article taken from a speech made in congress by
 H. A. Coffeen, of Wyoming, June 5th, 1895, and vouched for by
 that gentleman, goes a long way to show how the finan-
 cial problem in America looked to the Old World as viewed
 through English spectacles over two years ago. This article has
 been given quite a little publicity through the American press and
 the date of its publication was given as Mar. 10th, '94, instead of
 April 30. This gave the English paper an opportunity to deny the
 article which at this time is so offensive to its American cousin—
 the goldbug press—an opportunity which it hastened to take ad-
 vantage of, and brand the papers publishing it as forgers and liars.
 In his speech on "Money, Banks and Debts of the World," Mr.
 Coffeen says: "The greatest financial journal in London, if not the
 greatest in the world, acknowledges and points out incidentally
 the stupidity of American financial legislation in the following,
 which I quote from an editorial in the Financial News, of London,
 of April 30, 1894:

"There is a plain moral in the remark that if the United States
 would venture to cut herself adrift from Europe and take outright
 to silver she would have all America and Asia at her back, and
 would command the markets of both continents. The barrier of
 gold would be more fatal than any barrier of a custom house. The
 bond of silver would be stronger than any bond of free-trade.
 There can be no doubt about it that IF THE UNITED STATES
 WERE TO ADOPT A SILVER BASIS TOMORROW BRITISH
 TRADE WOULD BE RUINED BEFORE THE YEAR WAS OUT.
 Every American industry would be protected not only at home,
 but at every other market. Of course, the states would suffer to a
 certain extent through having to pay their obligations abroad in
 gold; but the loss on exchange under this head would be a mere
 drop in the bucket compared with the profits to be reaped from the
 markets of South America and Asia, to say nothing of Europe.
 The marvel is that the United States has not long ago seized the
 opportunity, and but for the belief that the way of England is
 necessarily the way to commercial success and prosperity, undoubt-
 edly it would have been done long ago. Now, Americans are
 awakening to the fact that "so long as they narrow their condi-
 tion to become a larger England" they cannot beat us. "It has been
 a piece of luck that it has never occurred to the Americans to
 scoop us out of the world's markets by going on a silver basis, and
 it might save us right if, irritated by the contemptuous apathy of
 our government to the gravity of the silver problem, the Ameri-
 cans retaliate by freezing out gold. It could easily be done."

McKinley Sees it in the Same Light.
 Referring to the above article we cannot help but think that the
 republican candidate for president sees things in pretty much the
 same light as the editor of the Financial News, judging from his
 speech made one working moon from the potterys of East Liverpool
 who called upon him as home in Canton, some time ago. Mr.
 McKinley said:
 "At the close of the low tariff period of 1860 there was but one
 white ware pottery in the United States with two small kilns; de-
 corated kilns were not known. In 1873 encouraged by the tariff
 and the gold premium, which was an added protection, we had in-
 creased to twenty potterys with sixty-eight kilns."
 There you have it! from McKinley's own mouth. "And
**THE GOLD PREMIUM, WHICH WAS AN ADDED PROTEC-
 TION;**" the very thing so much dreaded by republican speakers
 was one of the potent factors which has built up American indus-
 tries with which we are to scoop England out of the world's mar-
 kets whenever we cut ourselves adrift from Europe. "The barrier
 of gold would be more fatal than any barrier of a custom house,"
 says the News; McKinley has made a frank confession which knocks
 the last prop from under the argument against free coinage. The
 Republican national platform says that bimetalism is a good thing
 but we must wait until England consents for fear gold would go to
 a premium, which is an "added protection" to our industries.
 Thurston says: "Better Gold at a premium than prosperity at a dis-
 count." Yet, the bare probability of such a thing throws the average
 republican into hysterics; he dreads it worse than the nightmare, and
 predicts all kinds and colors of disaster if this should happen. Now
 comes Mr. McKinley with an admission that it was the premium on
 gold which helped to build up our industries, yet the republicans go
 on preaching against the free coinage of silver for fear something else
 will come between them and their system of taxing the American peo-
 ple to keep them poorer while the rich manufacturer gets rich and
 richer by a system of discrimination.

If silver be allowed to take the present premises of gold, then
 gold cannot go to a premium. Make both metals equal, at 16 to 1
 and the demand for the yellow metal decreases. This is the sole
 reason why the owners of gold are so bitterly opposed to the free
 and unlimited coinage of silver. If as they say, gold would go to a
 premium under the free coinage of the white metal, rest assured,
 they would be in the thickest of the fight for Bryan and free silver.
 If the republican party was a little more interested in keeping
 the farmers' crops "at a parity" with his taxes and debts and not
 so much interested in the welfare of eastern money lenders, there is
 no doubt but what their vote in the South and West would have
 been much larger this fall than it was four years ago. But as it is
 they cannot expect very much from the farmer at this time, when he
 is having a hard struggle to make both ends meet and keep a roof
 over his head.
 The coal trust, of which Garrett A. Hobart, the republican candi-
 date for vice-president, is the head of, will be able to increase legiti-
 mate profits beyond what is natural under a competitive system,
 \$40,000,000 annually, every farthing of which must be paid by
 those using coal. This trust was formed early in the season and by
 limiting the output by the closing of the mines and the discharge of
 miners, they are enabled to raise the price of coal at will.

New York State is Safe.
**"Bryan Leaves an Ugly
 Trail," in the Empire
 State.**
THE SYNDICATE ALARMED.
**The Gold Standard People will Use
 Every Effort to Defeat the
 Will of the People.**

MANY COUNTIES "ROTTEN ON SILVER."
 An Election Today Would Give the State to
 Bryan by 100,000.—Republicans and Dem-
 ocrats All Pledged to Silver. A Day
 and Night Campaign Necessary to
 Offset the Two Weeks Bryan
 Spent in New York.
 The New York Journal of the 7th
 says: "Major John Byrns, president
 of the Democratic Honest Money
 League, has, in his own words, "sounded
 the alarm in abundant time to warn
 the friends of honest money of the
 danger of losing New York in the
 coming election."
 He has travelled all through the
 state, and found on all sides indications
 that Bryan and Sewall will sweep
 everything before them, "unless con-
 tributions to the anti-silver campaign
 fund are instantly forthcoming."
 What Major Byrns said was put into
 the form of a circular, which was sent
 to all the Republican and gold stand-
 ard newspapers of this city.
 It is said that a leading Republican
 newspaper was so impressed with the
 immediate necessity of securing sub-
 scriptions to stem the enemy's tide,
 the circular was to have been printed
 in last Wednesday's issue. When the
 Major's words, however, were seen in
 type, the confession of weakness ap-
 peared so appalling, that it was decid-
 ed to be the wiser course not to pub-
 lish a report that would surely throw
 republicans into dismay, and display
 the weakness of their cause.
 The first reading of the disagree-
 able message affected the other Re-
 publican and half-hearted Democratic
 newspapers in much the same manner
 and the document has never, hereto-
 fore, appeared in print.
 Major Byrns reported that the cen-
 tral, western and northern sections of
 New York State
 "ARE ROTTEN ON SILVER,"
 and unless something is done to re-
 claim these sections we will lose the
 State.—Bryan had wildly enthusiastic
 meetings and left an ugly trail be-
 hind him."
 Continuing he says:
 "I am thoroughly alarmed, because,
 if the estimates on the other critical
 states are as erroneous as the estimate
 New York, there is no hope for the
 country. Today an election would
 give this state to Bryan with 100,000
 majority.
 "The truth is the campaign is going
 by default. There is too much confi-
 dence and not enough work. It is based
 on a fancied security as to the state
 by estimates made in past campaigns.
 "This year all past bearings are
 valueless. Republicans and Democ-
 rats alike are pledged to silver. Un-
 less an active, educational campaign
 is prosecuted day and night, from now
 until election day, New York will be
 lost."
 "My estimate is made from the in-
 side of a middle section said to be a
 fair average, where I was told by a
 man who agreed with me that he could
 not take part with us and continue to
 live in the community. Part of the
 plan of the enemy is to lull the friends
 of honest money into security, until
 too late to save the state. It is this
 that is now succeeding."
 The Major said that the lack of in-
 terest and sympathy in the cause of
 the gold standard was indicated by
 the paucity of contributions to the
 campaign fund; that since the Mad-
 ison Square Garden meeting New York
 City had contributed only \$600, where-
 as "we should have been able to ex-
 pend in educational work and active
 agencies \$50,000.
 According to the circular, the Re-
 publican Campaign committee had
 had something of the same experience
 as the Democratic Sound Money
 League. Education upon the issues,
 it added, may save the state from go-
 ing into the silver column, but "ten
 days more of this apathy and neglect
 will give the country to Bryan."
 Many Republican politicians who
 have seen the circular say that the
 President of the Democratic Sound
 Money League takes too dismal a
 view of the situation and that the
 probability is small that the Empire
 State will wheel into the silver ranks.
 Major Byrns, however, said last
 evening that he knows whereof he
 speaks; that he would be only too glad
 to be persuaded that he is wrong in
 his apprehensions, but that a thorough
 survey of the field persuades him that
 everything is running towards Bryan
 and Sewall.
 MANY CANNOT BUY SILVER VOTERS.
 In the course of his remarks he paid

this high tribute, involuntary, to the
 sincerity and integrity of the silver-
 ites, whose principles were unpurchas-
 able at any price: "One dollar now
 for the sound money campaign in this
 State will be worth twenty a month
 hence. And the fund can only be used
 as an educational means. In no other
 respect will it prove valuable. You
 might come into the fray three weeks
 before election with a fund of ten mil-
 lions of dollars, but it would not keep
 the silver men from winning."
 The following was the Mayor's last
 sentence on the subject, in last even-
 ing's interview: "There is not only
 more silver sentiment in the State,
 but there is more of it in the city, too,
 than I like, with the uncertainty of
 the Democracy standing behind
 Tammany Hall and Senator Hill."
 Senator Stewart arrived in the city
 last night. When shown the circular,
 he had this to say:
 BOILING WITH ENTHUSIASM.
 "I have just come from Buffalo. I
 have been through the State, too, and
 I find it boiling over with enthusiasm
 for the Bryan ticket. If a vote could
 be taken today there would be a Democ-
 ratic majority of 250,000.
 "But they don't want the money for
 education. Pierpont Morgan and his
 ilk know that education is fatal to
 their side. The money will be used
 with the ignorant who are needy."
 "When men are educated they know
 that the gold standard is the child of
 greed and the parent of twins—an-
 archy and distress." This was the
 comment made by Senator Jones,
 chairman of the Democratic National
 Committee.

The McKinley quartet sang at Har-
 tington Tuesday night. The boys
 are working up an enviable reputa-
 tion.

THE TENNIS TOURNEY.
 From The Republican
 The Northeast Nebraska Tennis
 tournament held at this point yester-
 day and today had in attendance teams
 from Ponca, Wakefield, Randolph, Nor-
 folk and the home team. Quite a num-
 ber of interested visitors were present.
 Wakefield being especially represented,
 there being probably a dozen or more
 ladies among those in attendance from
 our sister town. Yesterday was an
 ideal one for the sport and the players
 entered into it with a spirit that cre-
 ated abundant enthusiasm among the
 spectators. The opening was made
 with Wakefield vs. Randolph and Nor-
 folk vs. Wayne. Wakefield won from
 her competitor by a score of 6-2, 6-1,
 6-2. Norfolk did Wayne up in 6-3, 6-2,
 11-9. Some excellent plays were made
 by the contesting teams, and these sets
 were highly pleasing to the onlookers.
 Wakefield's team was Pearson and Jar-
 vis; Randolph's, Holtz and Shipman;
 Norfolk's, Rainbolt and Ellis, and
 Wayne's, Miller and Wright.
 In the afternoon Norfolk and Wake-
 field were pitted against each other and
 the former came off victor by a score
 of 6-5, 6-1, 6-4. When the singles were
 called Kimball of Wayne and Stough of
 Ponca faced each other, and Bloodheart
 of Wakefield and Bovee of Norfolk.
 Stough came off victor over Kimball
 and Bovee over Bloodheart. Then
 came the finals between Bovee and
 Stough, which was unfinished at dark.
 On this morning the singles between
 Bovee and Stough were finished, re-
 sulting in a victory for Stough. Score
 as follows: 3-6, 6-1, 6-3, 4-6, 6-3. Next
 came the final between Norfolk and
 Ponca for the championship, resulting
 in a victory for Ponca, 2-6, 2-6, 9-7, 9-7,
 6-2.

At a business meeting of the associa-
 tion held on Tuesday evening, Wake-
 field was designated as the next place
 of meeting. Vote of thanks was extended
 to Wayne, and officers as follows chosen:
 President, J. G. Mines, Wayne; Vice
 President, H. Bovee, Norfolk; Secre-
 tary and Treasurer, B. F. Pearson,
 Wakefield.

SI GETS THE DEMOCRAT.
 Only 60 cents for the Sioux City
 Tribune or Journal for one year and
 The Democrat from now to Jan. 1st.

GASOLINE ENGINES.
IRON AND WOOD PUMPS.
 Equip and Fairbanks Water
 Mills, Towers, Tanks, Irriga-
 tion Outfits, Hoops, Belting,
 Grinders, Shellers, Wood Saws,
 Drive Points, Pipe, Fittings,
 Brass Goods, Get the best. Send for
 Catalogue.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
 1102 Farnam St. Omaha, Neb.

TAKE NOTICE! T. J. Steele &
 Co., will buy and sell both cattle and
 hogs on the Wayne market. Stock
 cattle a specialty.
RAN. FRAZIER, Manager

Commercial Club
 A hand made cigar of the
 very best stock and a good
 free smoker with a fine fla-
 vor is the cigar to buy; or
 if you prefer a better grade
 try the
Perfecto.
 The best 10 cent cigar in the
 market.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.
R. PANKRATZ, Mgr.
 WAYNE, NEBR.